G.C.E. (A/L) Examination -2023(2024)

32 - Business Studies

Goals:-

This Question Paper includes questions to evaluate the competencies such as subject knowledge, understanding the usage of knowledge, and analyzing and synthesizing abilities as mentioned as the goals of the business studies syllabus.

Marking Scheme:-

Business Studies - paper I

Multiple choice	30 x 02 Marks each	=	60
Filling the Blanks	10 x 02 Marks each	=	20
Specific short answers	10 x 02 Marks each	=	<u>20</u>

Business Studies - Paper II

Part I: 4 Questions

Part II: 4 Questions

05 questions should be answered selecting at least 02 questions from each part.

There are 08 questions. Each question includes 05 sections.

Each section carries 04 marks **X** 05 = 20 Marks

Total Marks 05 X 20 = 100 Marks

Paper I & Paper II = 200 Marks

Final Marks = 100 Marks

<u>100</u>

Common Techniques of Marking Answer Scripts.

It is compulsory to adhere to the following standard method in marking answer scripts and entering marks into the mark sheets.

- 1. Use a red color ballpoint pen for marking. (Only the Chief/Additional Chief Examiner may use a mauve color pen.)
- 2. Note down the Examiner's Code Number and initials on the front page of each answer script.
- 3. Write off any numerals written wrong with a clear single line and authenticate the alterations with the Examiner's initials.
- 4. Write down the marks of each subsection in a \(\triangle \) and write the final marks of each question as a rational number in a with the question number. Use the column assigned for Examiners to write down marks.

Example:	Question No. 03		
(i)		$\sqrt{}$	$\frac{\sqrt{4}}{5}$
(ii)		$\sqrt{}$	3 5
(iii)		$\sqrt{}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{5}$
03 (i)	$\frac{4}{5}$ + (ii) $\frac{3}{5}$ + (iii) $\frac{3}{5}$	=	10 15

MCQ answer scripts: (Template)

- 1. Marking templates for G.C.E.(A/L) and GIT examination will be provided by the Department of Examinations itself. Marking examiners bear the responsibility of using correctly prepared and certified templates.
- 2. Then, check the answer scripts carefully. If there are more than one or no answers Marked to a certain question write off the options with a line. Sometimes candidates may have erased an option marked previously and selected another option. In such occasions, if the erasure is not clear write off those options too.

3. Place the template on the answer script correctly. Mark the right answers with a 'V' and the wrong answers with a '0' against the options column. Write down the number of correct answers inside the cage given under each column. Then, add those numbers and write the number of correct answers in the relevant cage.

Structured essay-type and assay-type answer scripts:

- 1. Cross off any pages left blank by candidates. Underline wrong or unsuitable answers. Show areas where marks can be offered with check marks.
- 2. Use the right margin of the overland paper to write down the marks.
- 3. Write down the marks given for each question against the question number in the relevant cage on the front page in two digits. The selection of questions should be in accordance with the instructions given in the question paper. Mark all answers and transfer the marks to the front page, and write off answers with lower marks if extra questions have been answered against instructions.
- 4. Add the total carefully and write in the relevant cage on the front page. Turn pages of the answer script and add all the marks given for all answers again. Check whether that total tallies with the total marks written on the front page.

Preparation of Mark Sheets.

Except for the subjects with a single question paper, the final marks of two papers will not be calculated within the evaluation board this time. Therefore, add separate mark sheets for each question paper. Write paper 01 marks in the paper 01 columns of the mark sheet and write them in words too. Write paper II Marks in the paper II Column and wright the relevant details.

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(S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	§ ඉතා විභාග පදවර්තමේන්තුව ම ඉතා විභාග පදවර්පලින්තුව හිතුන් පිළිතුර් සම්බන්ත විභාග පදවර්තමේන්තුව ම ඉතා පිළාග පදවර්තමේන්තුව ම ඉතා පිළාග පදවර්තමේන්තුව ම ඉතා පළමු ප්රකාශ ප්රධාන සම්බන්ත විභාග පදවර්තමේන්තුව ම ඉතා පළමු ප්රකාශ ප්රධාන සම්බන්ත විභාග පදවර්තමේන්තුව ම ඉතා පළමු ප්රකාශ ප්රධාන විභාග පළමු ප්රකාශ ප්රධාන ප්රධ					
L	கல்விப் பொதுத் த	ராதரப் பத்தி	ர (உயர்	தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2023 தி) Examination, 2023	3 (2024)	
6	වහපාර අධාපයනය I ඛාණ්කිස් සමාඛ I Business Studies I	32	PE)	Ī	පැය දෙකයි இரண்டு மணி, Two hours	த்தியாலம்
	structions: Answer all questions on this question			Index No.:		
	paper itself.		F	or Examiner's U	se Only	
*	Write your Index Number clearly in	For pa		2 Zammer 5 C	Signature	Code No.
*	the space provided above. Select the correct answers for questions		-	1st Examiner	0	
	from 1-30 and write its number on	01 - 30		2nd Examiner		
	the dotted line given.	₩		Addl. Chief		
*	Write short answers for questions from 31-50 on the dotted lines given.	II 		E.M.F.		
*	Each question carries two marks.	TOTAL		Chief		
$\stackrel{-}{-}$	Following are some examples for					
	 A - Health C - Clothings E - Soft drinks G - Story books From the above, what is the opti 	D F H	-Food	ops ile phones		
	(1) A, C, D, E (4) C, D, E, H		A, C, E D, E, F,		(3) C, D, I	E, F ()
2.	From the following, select the op (1) Tangible (4) Inseparable	(2)	correctly Transfera Imperish	ible	e of a service. (3) Returna	ble ()
3.	Service sector in the Gross Dome (1) public sector. (4) secondary sector.	(2)	ct (GDP private s tertiary s	ector.	hrough (3) primary	sector.
4.	Following are some issues preval-	ent in the	world.			
	A - Deforestation C - Income inequality E - Brain drain G - Unemployment From the above, what is the opti (1) A, B, E, F (4) C, D, E, G	I I On that on (2)	D – Air j F – Loss H – Soil	pollution s of biodiversity erosion les socio-economic G	c issues? (3) B, C, F	E, H ()
5.	Select the option which does not in Sri Lanka, Act No. 9 of 2003 (1) Protecting consumers against (2) Protecting consumers against (3) Ensuring wide availability of (4) Redressing consumers against (5) Offering an access to consumers	the marke unfair trac goods and unfair tra	ting of life practiced services and practiced to the practiced services and the practiced services are services and services are services and services are services and services are servic	nazardous goods. ces. s for consumers. ices.		

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6. The following table shows some stakeholders and their involvement in business.

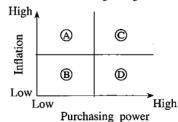
Stakeholders	Involvement
(i) Shareholders	A - Selecting board of directors
(ii) Consumers	B - Formulating strategies
(iii) Suppliers	C - Engaging in operational activities
(iv) Managers	D - Negotiating trade conditions
(v) Employees	E - Responding to product quality

What is the option that correctly matches the involvement according to the order of stakeholders given above?

- (1) A, D, E, B, C(4) D, B, A, C, E
- (2) A, E, D, B, C(5) D, E, B, A, C
- (3) B, E, C, D, A

(...

7. Answer the following question based on the diagram given below.



What is/are the letter/s that correctly depicts the link between purchasing power and inflation for a convenience good on the diagram?

(1) (A) only

- (2) **(2)** only
- (3) (A) and (D) only

- (4) B and C only
- (5) © and D only

(.....)

- 8. Following are some of the goals of governments and businesses:
 - A Promoting work-life quality
- B Promoting industrialization
- C Creating products
- D Redistributing income
- E Maintaining full employment
- F Stabilizing prices
- G Promoting employee engagement
- H Practicing corporate governance

From the above, what is the option that contains only government goals?

- (1) A, C, G, H
- (2) A, D, E, F
- (3) B, D, E, F

(4) B, D, F, G

- (5) D, E, F, G
- (5) 2, 2, 2, 1
- 9. In a partnership, limited partners are recognized by
 - (1) limited liability.
 - (2) involvement in management.
 - (3) non-involvement in management.
 - (4) limited liability and involvement in management.
 - (5) limited liability and non-involvement in management.

(.....)

10. Following are two statements about documents used in incorporating a company.

Statement A: Articles of Association shows details of the issue of shares, power and duties of directors etc.

Statement B: Certificate of incorporation shows details of the shareholders' voting rights and rules and regulations etc.

From the above two statements,

- (1) only A is correct.
- (2) only B is correct.
- (3) both A and B are incorrect.
- (4) while both A and B are correct, A is elaborated through B.
- (5) while both A and B are correct, A is not elaborated through B.

.....)

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11.	Following are steps of the entreprene A - Actualization C - Harvesting E - Resourcing What is the option that indicates the (1) A, C, D, B, E	corre	B – Discovery D – Preparing a	ve entrepre		C
	(4) D, A, B, E, C		D, E, A, B, C	(5) D, D, L, A,	()
12.	A medium of exchange, which does (1) cash. (4) e-Cash.	(2)	require a third party cheques. prepaid cards.		nt would be 3) credit cards.	()
	Select the correct statement pertaining (1) A torn or a damaged cheque. (2) Signed without stating the amount (3) Invalidity due to expiry. (4) Encashed or deposited by anyone (5) Encashed or deposited only by the	nt. e wh	o presents it to a b			()
14.	The purpose of obtaining a motor ver (1) minimize risk. (4) bear risk.	(2)	insurance by an or avoid risk. hold risk.	-	would be to 3) transfer risk.	()
15.	Which of the following international be the member countries? (1) World Trade Organization (WTO (2) International Monetary Fund (IM (3) International Labour Organization (4) Association of South East Asian (5) Bay of Bengal Initiative for Multi) F) (ILC	O) ons (ASEAN)			
16.	Following are some communication of A - letter C - telephone E - video conferencing G - memo From the above, what is the option the (1) A, C, D, F (4) C, D, E, F	at co	B – notice D – one-on-one F – AI chatbot H – fax	edback med	liums? 3) B, D, E, F	()
17.	Executing a plan in a right manner e (1) effectiveness. (4) sustainability.	(2) (5)	profitability.	(3) productivity.	()
18.	From the following, which leadership (1) Democratic (4) Laissez-faire	style (2) (5)			g decisions? 3) Situational	()

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AL/	2023(2	024)/32/E-I		4-				
19.	on C	wing are two statements developmental Bank report of Sri Landatement A: Micro, Small ar than 50% to the	nka 2021 d Mediu e econon	l. um Enterprises ny.	s (MSME) in	Sri _, L	anka contrib	ute more
	St	tatement B: Contribution of comparatively his						Lanka is
	From	the above two statements,	gii wiici	i compared to	developed ed	diluic	·3.	
	, ,	only A is correct.						
		only B is correct. both A and B are incorrect.						
		while both A and B are corr	ect. A i	s elaborated ti	hrough B.			
		while both A and B are corr						()
20.	Selec	t the answer that correctly sta	tes the r	elationship bet	tween organiza	tional	structure and	i span of
	contr				1			
		Organizational structure	Span	of control				
	(1)	tall		wider				
	(2)	tall	n	arrower				
	(3)	tall	un	changed				
	(4)	flat	un	changed				
	(5)	flat	n	arrower]			()
21.	Whic	h service is not offered by o	online ba	inking?				
	(1)	Opening an account		Paying bills			Transferring	funds
	(4)	Withdrawing cash	(5)	Checking ac	count balances	\$		()
22.	If a conta	company's acid test ratio is 0 in	.5 and t	he current rati	io is 1.7, a ma	ajority	of the curre	ent assets
	(1)	cash in hand.	(2)	pre paid exp	enses.	(3)	debtors.	
	(4)	bank balance.	(5)	inventory.				()
23.	The f	following table shows some of	the con	sumer related	terms and desc	ription	ns pertaining	to them.
	Terms			Descriptions				
	(i) Satisfaction		Α-	Total evaluati	on of a product	:		
	(ii)	Loyalty .	В-	Goods and sea	rvices			
	(iii)	Value	C-	Fulfilling emo	otional needs			
	(iv)	Offerings	D-	Meeting or su	rpassing expec	tations	s	
	(v)	Care	E -	Willingness to	repurchase			
	What	is the option that correctly	matches	the descriptio	n in the order	of te	erms given a	bove?

24. The following are some of the characteristics of advertising and publicity.

A - One-way communication

B - Non-personal

(2) B, E, A, D, C

(5) D, E, A, B, C

C - High cost

(1) B, E, A, C, D

(4) D, A, E, B, C

D - Specific sponsor

E - Mass audience

F - Controllable

From the above, what is the option which contains only the characteristics of advertising?

(1) A, D, E

(2) B, D, F

(3) B, E, F

(4) C, D, F (5) C, E, D

(3) C, E, A, D, B

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AL	/2023(2024)/32/E-I	-5-
	Select the correct statement relating (1) Ability to detect solvency (2) Ability to measure operational e (3) Ability to cover short-term expe (4) Ability to recognize financial ris (5) Ability to predict earnings per s	o the gearing ratio. fficiency nces k
27.	ownership of the products is (1) Commission agent. (4) Factor.	(2) Wholesaler. (3) Broker. (5) Auctioneer. ()
27.	Selection Test	Purpose
	(i) Physical ability	A - To measure the ability to work under stress
	(ii) Intelligence Quotient (IQ)	B - To measure a person's ability to face challenges
	(iii) Personality	C - To measure strength and endurance
	(iv) Background	D - To measure the ability to perform a specific task
	(v) Practical	E - To verify information through formal records
	What is the option that correctly matests given above? (1) B, C, A, E, D	tches the purpose, according to the order of the selection (2) C, B, A, E, D (3) C, B, E, A, D
	(4) D, C, A, E, B	(5) D, C, B, A, E
28.	Employee development programs shown (1) providing right knowledge and some solution (2) reducing skill gap of the present (3) promoting a learning culture in (4) facilitating the use of current tect (5) nurturing to take on responsibility	kills to perform a job. job. an organization. chnology in the organization.
30.	A Sri Lankan can obtain one's own (1) Central Bank of Sri Lanka. (2) Department of Debt Conciliation (3) Sri Lanka Export Credit Insuran (4) Credit Information Bureau of Sr (5) Department of Government Information The following table shows some info	Board. ce Corporation. Lanka.
	Information systems	Applications
	(i) Transaction Processing Systems	A - Business modelling
	(ii) Office Automation Systems	B - Customer relationship management
	(iii) Knowledge Work Systems	C - Managing inventory
	(iv) Management Information System	D - Business forecasting
	(v) Executive Support Systems	E - Email communication
	What is the option that correctly match	nes the applications, according to the order of the information
	systems given above?	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

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(.....)

(3) C, E, A, D, B

(2) C, E, A, B, D

(5) D, E, A, C, B

(1) B, C, E, D, A

(4) D, E, A, B, C

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•	Answer Question No. 31 to 40, by filling in the blanks with a suitable word/words.	
31.	(a) Sustainable development of a country integrates, social and, social and	
	(b) An institution obeying to rules and regulations of a country refers to	
32.	(a) The statutory requirement is the proportion of deposit liabilities that commercial banks should maintain as a deposit with the Central Bank	
	(b) Sri Lankan Government legislation sets out the policy while the Cent sets out the policy of Sri Lanka.	
33.	(a) The overarching aspiration of a business is reflected through a	
	(b) Checking the machines of a manufacturing firm before use denotes	
34.	whereas quality control in a manufacturing process denotes	dialogue
	(b) Intranets are primarily designed for an institution's data communication	purposes
	whereas extranets are designed to extend network access to specific	parties.
35.	(a) ABC analysis is used for management whereas	alysis is
	(b) Product concept is oriented towards where as	
	concept is oriented towards customer.	
36.	(a) The place where individuals purchase goods for their personal use is called as	
	market whereas, the place where B2B transactions occur is called as	market.
	(b) An exclusive right granted to novel inventors to manufacture, use and sell an inventor	ention is
	a is a unique symbol or word that	denotes
	a specific product.	
37.	(a) The route map of a business is represented through a/an	essence
	(b) A manager's ability to communicate, team work and lead denote ski	lle while
	the ability to use tools and methods denote skills.	ns winc
38.	(a) The probability of an ordinary shareholder losing money is known as	whereas.
	the profit allocated by the company for his share investment is called as	
	(b) Conversion of two companies into a single entity is named as whe	
	company being purchased by another company is named as	

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39.	(a) Outsourcing of e-commerce services by a company is called as party
	logistics whereas returning goods from a customer back to a seller is called aslogistics.
	(b) In a cashflow statement, purchasing of non-current assets is an example for
	activities while issuing ordinary shares is an example for activities.
40.	(a) Volume, velocity and variety are the key attributes of and navigation system
	that provides business location is called as positioning system.
	(b) Arranging workstations according to the sequence of production is called as
	layout whereas, workstations not arranged according to the sequence of production is called
	as layout.
	• Answer question No. 41-50, writing the suitable answers in the space provided.
41	Write four characteristics of social entrepreneurship.
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
42.	State four methods a business can use to enter into international markets.
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
43.	State four main factors to be considered in preparing a business plan.
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
44.	Write the four levels of a product according to Phillip Kotler's Consumer Value Hierarchy.
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
45.	Write four benefits of Economic Order Quantity (EOQ).
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

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46. Write the correct number of the management systems gi		anization for Standardizat	ion (ISO) against each
(1) Quality	: ISO		
(2) Environment	: ISO		
(3) Food safety	: ISO		
(4) Occupational health and sat	fety: ISO		
47. State four benefits an investor	can gain by invest	ting in ordinary shares.	
(1)		•••••	
(2)			
(3)			
(4)			
48. Write the correct name of th instances.	e document used f	or international trade at	each of the following
Instance		Documen	t
(1) Certify imported fresh fruit	s are free of pests.		
(2) A bank guarantee that ensurement to the exporter.	sures the importer's		
(3) A preliminary quotation s before the sale is confirmed			
(4) Certify the country in commodity is manufactured			
49. Name the components of a cor	mputerized information	on system each of the foll	lowing items belong to:
(2) Software Engineer:		•••••	
(4) Microchip :		••••	
50. State the steps indicated by (i employee attraction and selection			ram that relates to the
			(i)
(1) (ii)	•••••	/ (viii)	Identifying \
(2) (iv)		(vii)	Vacancy
(3) (vi)		/ Interviews	(ii) \\
(4) (viii)		and Selection Emplattractic selection (vi) (v) Advertising	on and ction (iii) Job Description
		Vacancy	(iv)
			4

Department of Examinations

G.C.E.(A/L) Examination - 2023 (2024)

Subject code

32

Subject

BUSINESS STUDIES

Marking Scheme

Paper I

Question number	Answer number	Question number	Answer number	Question number	Answer number
01.	5	11.	3	21.	4
02.	44	12.	1	22.	5
03.	5	13.	4	23.	5
04.	2	14.	3	24.	4
05.	3	15.	2	25.	1
06.	2	16.	44	26.	2
07.	3	17.	5	27.	2
08.	3	18.	3	28.	5
09.	5	19.	1	29.	4
10.	1	20.	2	30.	2

O Special Instructions:

02 Marks per answer

Total Marks $2 \times 30 = 60$

- Answer Question No. 31 to 40, by filling in the blanks with a suitable word/words.
 - 31. a) Environmental, Economic, (Planet/Profit)(any order)
 - b) Legal, Social
 - 32. a) Reserve, Cash
 - b) Fiscal / Budgetary, Monetary
 - 33. a) Vision, Mission
 - b) Feedforward, Concurrent
 - 34. a) Non-verbal, Verbal
 - b) Internal, External
 - 35. a) Inventory, Breakeven
 - b) Seller, Marketing
 - 36. a) Consumer, Industrial
 - b) Patent, Brand
 - 37. a) Business, Executive
 - b) Human, Technical
 - 38. a) Risk, Dividends(Returns)
 - b) Mergers, Acquisitions
 - 39. a) Third, Reverse
 - b) Investment, Financing
 - 40. a) Big data, Global
 - b) Product, Process

1. Creativity

6. Adaptability

2. Innovation

- 7. Transparency
- 3. Social Awareness
- 8. Upgrading Living Standards of Community

4. Empathy

9. Resilience

5. Visionary

10. Environment Friendliness

- 1. Exporting
- 2. Licensing
- 3. Franchising
- 4. Alliances and joint venturers
- 5. Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)
- 6. Acquisitions
- 7. Foreign Branches
- 8. Turnkey Projects
- 9. Management Contracts

43.

- 1. Focus
- 2. Customers
- 3. Goals
- 4. Required Financial Resources

44.

- 1. Core Benefits
- 2. Generic/Basic Product
- 3. Expected Product
- 4. Augmented Product
- 5. Potential Product

45.

- 1. Increasing efficiency
- 2. Optimizing inventory levels
- 3. Reducing ordering cost
- 4. Minimizing Cost of Storage
- 5. Bulk Order Discounts
- 6. Reducing Wastage
- 7. Reducing stockouts
- 8. Improve operational performance

7. ed

- 1. ISO 9001
- 2. ISO 14001
- 3. ISO 22000
- 4. ISO 45001

47.

- 1. Receiving Dividends
- 2. Participating in the Management
- 3. Voting Rights
- 4. Ability for Collateral
- 5. High Liquidity
- 6. Right Issues
- 7. Bonus Issues
- 8. Rights to Capital Gains

48.

- 1. Sanitary Certificate/ Quarantine Certificate/ Health Certificate
- 2. Letter of Credit
- 3. Proforma Invoice
- 4. Letter of Origin

49.

- 1. Hardware
- 2. Liveware
- 3. Software
- 4. Firmware

50.

- 1. Job Analysis
- 2. Job Specification
- 3. Evaluation of applications/ Short Listing
- 4. Appointment/Hiring

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සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇවිටිනි /(மුගුට පුනිට්පුලිකාගපුක $_{
m L}$ uනු/ $All\ Rights\ Reserved$) eom Boila occidentata (B. eom Boila occidentata) இதிக்கு இதிரு இடிப்படுக்கு இருக்கு முற்ற மேற்ற இருக்கு இருக் අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2023 (2024) கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2023 (2024) General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2023 (2024) වාහපාර අධායනය II வணிகக் கல்வி **Business Studies II** අමතර කියවීම් කාලය පැය තනයි මිනිත්තු 10 යි மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் மூன்று மணித்தியாலம் 10 நிமிடங்கள் Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes Three hours Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions you will answer and decide which of them you will prioritise.

Instructions:

* Answer five questions selecting at least two questions from each part.

Part I

- Amali registered a yoghurt manufacturing firm by the name of 'Yummy Yoghurt'. She
 operates it by a loan obtained from a state bank. She intends to operate the business
 activities while engaging in social responsibilities. Amali has recruited five workers for
 the business. Currently, she explores new avenues that can add value to the product.
 - (i) (a) State the classification of this business based on each of the following:
 - (1) nature of the product

(01 mark)

(2) objective

- (01 mark)
- (b) Write four advantages Amali gains by obtaining a bank loan for the business. (02 marks)
- (ii) (a) Describe the meaning of 'value addition'.

(02 marks) (02 marks)

- (b) State two advantages Amali can obtain from the value addition to the product. (02 marks)
- (iii) (a) Indicate the legal requirement Amali should adhere to based on each of the following aspects:
 - (1) Business registration

(01 mark)

- (2) Percentage of employer contribution for Employee Trust Fund (ETF) (01 mark)
- (b) State whether 'Yummy Yoghurt' firm is liable or not to pay income tax? Briefly explain your answer.

(02 marks)

- (iv) (a) Mention two social responsibilities Amali can perform through her business.(02 marks)
 - (b) Briefly explain why a business needs to engage in social responsibilities. (02 marks)
- (v) Name **two** external and **two** internal stakeholders and state an influence from each stakeholder on Amali's business. (04 marks)

(Total 20 marks)

- 2. Rasika established a software development firm in Sri Lanka on his own. Initially, his business catered to local clients and eventually expanded to the international level. During this period, Rasika has showcased a dynamic leadership style and built a good rapport with his clients. He is also very keen to participate in training programs to upscale his skills. Because of the complexity and size of the business operations, Rasika intends to convert the business into a Private Limited Company.
 - (i) (a) State four limitations of a sole proprietorship.

(02 marks)

(b) Write two entrepreneurial skills Rasika possesses based on the above case. (02 marks)

[See page two

-2-AL/2023(2024)/32/E-II (ii) (a) If Rasika develops a web-based software, state whether that belongs to a good or a service and justify your answer giving two reasons. (02 marks) (b) Write two advantages of a Private Limited Company compared to a sole proprietorship. (02 marks) (iii) (a) State separately, the minimum number of directors to be appointed for a Public Limited Company and a Private Limited Company according to the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007. (02 marks) (b) Name four documents needed to be submitted to the Registrar of Companies office to incorporate Rasika's business as a Private Limited Company according to the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007. (02 marks) (iv) (a) Write four benefits Rasika can enjoy by outsourcing certain activities of his business. (02 marks) (b) Mention two challenges he will have to face when outsourcing the business activities. (02 marks) State and explain two contributions this business can provide to address the current economic crisis in Sri Lanka. (04 marks) (Total 20 marks) 3. (a) What is meant by 'management of public debts' by the Central Bank of Sri (02 marks) (b) Explain the role of 'Sri Lanka Inter-bank Payment System' (SLIPS). (02 marks) (ii) (a) What is the role of unit trust management companies? (02 marks) (b) In which instance does a bank dishonour a cheque stating 'refer to drawer'? (02 marks) (iii) (a) What is meant by subrogation principle of insurance? (02 marks) (b) Introduce 'marine cargo insurance'. (02 marks) (iv) (a) State what is 'informal communication' and provide an example for it. (02 marks) (b) Write two advantages and two disadvantages of informal communication. (02 marks) (v) (a) Write four advantages of containerization for the transportation of goods. (02 marks) (b) Briefly explain the difference between transport and logistics? (02 marks) (Total 20 marks) 4. (a) Write four differences between wholesale trade and retail trade. (02 marks) (b) State two factors to be considered in designing a warehouse for storing industrial chemicals. (02 marks) (ii) (a) State two e-business models and briefly explain each of them. (02 marks) (b) What is meant by e-retailing? (02 marks) (iii) (a) Define 'product franchises'. (02 marks) (b) State four advantages of internationalization for a business. (02 marks) (iv) (a) Describe two functions of a bill of lading. (02 marks) (b) What is Entrepot trade? (02 marks) (a) State two multi-lateral trade agreements. (02 marks) (b) Mention four advantages a country can gain from multi-lateral trade (02 marks) agreements. (Total 20 marks)

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Part II

5. Kamalini is the owner of a printing company. With the growth of the company, Kamalini realized the need of creating an organizational chart and delegating authority. She adopts control systems and employ motivational tactics to enhance the quality of the printing.

the p	rinti	ng.		
(i)	(a)	What is an 'organizational chart'?	(02	marks)
	(b)	Write four principles Kamalini needs to consider in creating an organizational		
		structure.	(02	marks)
(ii)	(a)	What is meant by 'delegation of authority'?	(02	marks)
	(b)	Write two challenges Kamalini faces in delegating authority?	(02	marks)
(iii)	(a)	Explain why employee motivation is required for Kamalini's company.	(02	marks)
	(b)	Write two non-financial motivational tactics Kamalini can adopt for her		
		business.	(02)	marks)
(iv)	(a)	Explain how quality of printing will be enhanced if Kamalini uses Computerized		

(b) Some production details of Kamalini's company are given below.

Numerical Control (CNC) system for production.

Description	Estimated	Actual
Raw material cost per unit	Rs. 200	Rs. 250
Raw material quantity per unit of production	06 kg	08 kg

If the company produced 300 units in January,

(1) Calculate the price variance.

(01 mark)

(02 marks)

(2) State whether the variance calculated in (1) above is favourable or unfavourable for Kamalini's business.

(01 mark)

(v) State most appropriate production method that Kamalini should apply for her business with three advantages of it.

(04 marks)

(Total 20 marks)

- 6. Kanchana recently started an electrical appliance manufacturing company in Sri Lanka. Although his products are at an introductory stage of the Product Life Cycle, he is much concerned about the quality of products. He is also interested in sources of financing and breakeven point of the business.
 - (i) (a) State two characteristics of a product which is at an introductory stage. (02 marks)
 - (b) Write two challenges Kanchana will face at the introductory stage of the product. (02 marks)
 - (ii) (a) State four quality elements Kanchana should consider in designing a product. (02 marks)
 - (b) Suggest four methods of advertising Kanchana can use to promote the products. (02 marks)
 - (iii) (a) What is 'market segmentation'?

(02 marks)

(b) Briefly explain two methods Kanchana can adopt to segment the domestic electrical appliance market.

(02 marks)

(iv) (a) Write two direct financial sources Kanchana can use for the business.

(02 marks)

(b) State **two** instances where capital investment decisions are needed to be made in operating Kanchana's business. (02 marks)

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	(v)	Some information on production-related costs of Kanchana's business are given below:
		Rs.
		Fixed cost 300 000
		Variable cost (per unit) 500
		Selling price (per unit) 1 000
		(a) Calculate the break-even point:
		(1) in units (01 mark) (2) in rupees (01 mark)
		(b) If the company sells 1500 units, what will be the profit gained? (01 mark)
		(c) If the company doubles the selling price, what will be the new break-even
		point in units? (01 mark)
		(Total 20 marks)
7.	(i)	(a) Name two ways a Public Limited Company can register in the Colombo Stock
' '	(1)	Exchange (CSE). (02 marks)
		(b) What is meant by the 'All Share Price Index' (ASPI)? (02 marks)
	(ii)	(a) State two differences between cash budget and capital budget. (02 marks)
		(b) Mention four objectives of financial management. (02 marks)
	(iii)	(a) Explain what is meant by Return on Investment (ROI) ratio and indicate two
		decisions an investor can make by using it. (02 marks)
		(b) State why an organization requires human resource planning and write two advantages that can be obtained from it. (02 marks)
	(iv)	(a) Write two advantages and two disadvantages of recruiting casual employees
	` '	for an organization. (02 marks)
		(b) State two benefits each an employer and employee can gain through a performance appraisal. (02 marks)
	(v)	(a) State two ways of providing on-the-job training and indicate two benefits an organization can obtain from it. (02 marks)
		(b) Write four advantages of an effective grievance handling process for
		a business. (02 marks)
		. (Total 20 marks)
8.	(i)	(a) Explain what is meant by 'exit interviews' and state two benefits an organization
		can obtain from it. (02 marks)
		(b) Explain the process of data processing using an example. (02 marks)
	(11)	(a) State four methods that information can be classified according to the source. (02 marks)
		(b) Write two methods a company can adopt to ensure data protection. (02 marks)
	(iii)	(a) Describe 'Strategic Information Systems' (SIS) and write two advantages
		from it for an organization. (02 marks)
		(b) Explain how Management Information Systems assist decision making of middle managers. (02 marks)
	(iv)	(a) State two instances each where social media can be a threat to businesses
		and customers. (02 marks)
	()	(b) State four situations a business plan is required for an organization. (02 marks)
	(v)	(a) What is a 'green product'? (02 marks)
		(b) Write four advantages for consumers from green products. (02 marks) (Total 20 marks)

		* * *

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General Certificate of Examination (Adv. Level)

Examination - 2022(2023)

32 - Business Studies

Part I

01. (i)

Amali registered a yoghurt manufacturing firm by the name of 'Yummy Yoghurt'. She
operates it by a loan obtained from a state bank. She intends to operate the business
activities while engaging in social responsibilities. Amali has recruited five workers for
the business. Currently, she explores new avenues that can add value to the product.

(i) (a) State the classification of this business based on each of the following:

(1) nature of the product

(01 mark)

(2) objective

- (01 mark)
- (b) Write four advantages Amali gains by obtaining a bank loan for the business. (02 marks)
- (ii) (a) Describe the meaning of 'value addition'.

(02 marks)

- (b) State two advantages Amali can obtain from the value addition to the product. (02 marks)
 (iii) (a) Indicate the legal requirement Amali should adhere to based on each of the following aspects:
 - (1) Business registration

(01 mark)

- (2) Percentage of employer contribution for Employee Trust Fund (ETF)
- (01 mark)
- (b) State whether 'Yummy Yoghurt' firm is liable or not to pay income tax? Briefly explain your answer.

(02 marks)

- (iv) (a) Mention two social responsibilities Amali can perform through her business. (02 marks)
 - (b) Briefly explain why a business needs to engage in social responsibilities. (02 marks)
- (v) Name two external and two internal stakeholders and state an influence from each stakeholder on Amali's business.
 (04 marks)

(Total 20 marks)

(a)

1. Secondary

(01 mark)

2. Profits

(01 mark)

(b)

- 1) Only a specific interest has to be paid
- 2) Receiving tax concessions/relief
- 3) Being formalized by preparing a business plan
- 4) Able to pay installments while earning profits
- 5) Ability to compromise the repayment period of loan

- 6) Reducing the interest
- 7) Building up confidence among external parties

 $(1/2 \times 04 = 02 \text{ mark})$

(ii)

(a) The difference between the cost of inputs used in production and the selling price of the finished goods or value added at each stage of production

(02 marks)

(b)

- 1) Increasing the value of the product
- 2) Ability to set a higher price
- 3) Increasing the profit margin
- 4) Ability to face market competition
- 5) Increasing customer attraction
- 6) Consumer loyalty for the product

(01 mark x 02 = 02 marks)

(iii) (a)

1. When the business is operated by using a name other than Amali's full name, it is required to register under Business Names Ordinance No: 06 of 1918

(Total 01 mark)

(Only the reason ½ mark without legal source)

2. 3% (01 mark)

(b) No: (01 mark)

Since the firm has no legal personality, tax should be paid by the name of Amali, not by the name of the business firm.

(01 mark)

(iv) (a)

- 1) Creating employment opportunities
- 2) Managing waste
- 3) Creating green products/Eco-friendly products
- 4) Community welfare services
- 5) Conducting business activities in an environmentally friendly manner.
- 6) Providing quality products

- 7) Discharging social responsibilities for other parties.
- 8) Paying due taxes properly

(01 mark x 2 = 02 marks)

(b) As businesses are conducted using scarce and public resources, they are obliged to discharge social responsibilities.

(02 marks)

(v)

External parties

Customers

- 1) Bargaining prices
- 2) Increasing quality
- 3) Bargaining Trade conditions
- 4) Securing consumer rights
- 5) providing customer feedback

Suppliers

- 1) Providing quality materials
- 2) Bargaining prices
- 3) Imposing conditions on material supplies
- 4) Continuous supply of materials
- 5) Providing materials on time
- 6) Providing appropriate supply services

Bank

- 1) Influencing on interest
- 2) Imposing credit terms and conditions
- 3) Imposing limitations on credit repayment period
- 4) Imposing conditions on collaterals

Government

- 1) Providing financial incentives
- 2) Creating a favorable business environment

Naming two parties ½ x 2 = 01 marks

Mentioning influence 1/2 x 02 = 01 marks

Internal Parties

Amali / Owner

- 1) Providing capital
- 2) Innovations
- 3) Building company image through discharging social responsibilities
- 4) Creating trust

Employees

- 1) Fulfilling duties
- 2) Contributing towards the growth of the business
- 3) Bargaining on job-related matters

Naming two parties $\frac{1}{2}$ x 2 = 01 marks

Mentioning influence $\frac{1}{2}$ x 02 = 01 marks

(Total = 04 marks)

02. (i)

- 2. Rasika established a software development firm in Sri Lanka on his own. Initially, his business catered to local clients and eventually expanded to the international level. During this period, Rasika has showcased a dynamic leadership style and built a good rapport with his clients. He is also very keen to participate in training programs to upscale his skills. Because of the complexity and size of the business operations, Rasika intends to convert the business into a Private Limited Company.
 - (i) (a) State four limitations of a sole proprietorship.

(02 marks)

- (b) Write two entrepreneurial skills Rasika possesses based on the above case. (02 marks)
- (ii) (a) If Rasika develops a web-based software, state whether that belongs to a good or a service and justify your answer giving two reasons.(02 marks)
 - (b) Write two advantages of a Private Limited Company compared to a sole proprietorship. (02 marks)
- (iii) (a) State separately, the minimum number of directors to be appointed for a Public Limited Company and a Private Limited Company according to the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007. (02 marks)
 - (b) Name four documents needed to be submitted to the Registrar of Companies office to incorporate Rasika's business as a Private Limited Company according to the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007. (02 marks)
- (iv) (a) Write four benefits Rasika can enjoy by outsourcing certain activities of his business. (02 marks)
 - (b) Mention two challenges he will have to face when outsourcing the business activities. (02 marks)
- (v) State and explain two contributions this business can provide to address the current economic crisis in Sri Lanka.
 (04 marks)

(Total 20 marks)

(a)

- 1. Limited sources of funds
- 2. Probability of failing decisions taken by the owner
- 3. No legal personality
- 4. No continous existence
- 5. Management is difficult when expanding the business
- 6. Enjoying losses alone
- 7. Bearing risk alone

(1/2 mark x 04 = 02 marks)

(b)

- 1. Leadership Skills
- 2. Interpersonal Skills
- 3. Management Skills

(01 mark x 02 = 02 marks)

(ii) (a) Service (01 marks)

Reasons

- 1) Subscription or pay-per-use or
- 2) Hosted by the developer on a server and the user can access it

 $(1/2 \times 02 = 01 \text{ marks})$

OR

Product (01 marks)

Reasons

- 1) Purchase a license
- 2) Software should be installed in a company server and used on it

 $(1/2 \times 02 = 01 \text{ marks})$

(b)

- 1) Ability to collect more capital
- 2) Existence of legal personality
- 3) Continuous existence / ongoing concern
- 4) Ability to hire a competent management team
- 5) Limited liability
- 6) Ability to share risk
- 7) Existence of a formal management structure
- 8) Existence of good governance

 $(01 \times 02 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(iii) (a)

- 1) Public Limited Companies 02
- 2) Private Limited Companies 01

 $(01 \times 02 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(b)

- 1) Duly filled application form
- 2) Articles of association
- 3) Consent letters from the initial directors to work as directors of the company
- 4) Consent from the initial secretary to work as the secretary of the company

 $(1/2 \times 04 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(iv) (a)

- 1) Ability reduce cost (Employee / Overhead)
- 2) Increasing efficiency
- 3) Minimizing workforce
- 4) Ability to exceed the existing capacity
- 5) Saving time
- 6) Suitable when providing urgent orders
- 7) Ability to focus on core business activity
- 8) Ability to use expert knowledge

 $(1/2 \times 04 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(b)

- 1) Security and reliability issues
- 2) Disregarding organizational values
- 3) Difficult to control
- 4) Communication issues
- 5) Discouraging internal employees
- 6) Quality issues
- 7) Possibility of creating new competitions
- 8) Ability to leak confidential information about the company

 $(01 \times 02 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(v)

- 1) By earning foreign exchange
- 2) By creating employment opportunities
- 3) By creating opportunities for innovations
- 4) by minimizing cost through increasing efficiency
- 5) By paying taxes
- 6) By contributing to supporting and related industries

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(Naming 02 facts = 02marks)
(Explaining 02 facts = 02 marks)
(Total = 04 marks)
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(i)	(a)	What is meant by 'management of public debts' by the Central Bank of Sri		
		Lanka.	(02	marks)
	(b)	Explain the role of 'Sri Lanka Inter-bank Payment System' (SLIPS).	(02	marks)
(ii)	(a)	What is the role of unit trust management companies?	(02	marks)
	(b)	In which instance does a bank dishonour a cheque stating 'refer to		
		drawer'?	(02)	marks)
(iii)	(a)	What is meant by subrogation principle of insurance?	(02	marks)
	(b)	Introduce 'marine cargo insurance'.	(02	marks)
(iv)	(a)	State what is 'informal communication' and provide an example for it.	(02	marks)
	(b)	Write two advantages and two disadvantages of informal communication.	(02)	marks)
(v)	(a)	Write four advantages of containerization for the transportation of goods.	(02	marks)
	(b)	Briefly explain the difference between transport and logistics?	(02	marks)
		(Total	20	marks)

(i) (a) Activities related to acquiring funds from low-cost sources of finance and investing them in effective ways are known as Public Debt Management

(02 marks)

(b) The system with the use of computers is used for settlement of interbank transactions. This is maintained by CBSL

(02 marks)

(ii) (a)

- 1) Collection of funds from the investors and investing in profitable avenues
- 2) Participation in the administration and investment functions of unit trust and acting as the promoter of trust.

(02 marks)

(b) Not having sufficient funds in the current account

(02 marks)

(iii)

- (a) When the insurer has settled the loss for the damages caused to the insured property, the transfer of other advantages and rights from external parties that the insured can obtain, to the insurer is known as subrogation (02 marks)
- (b) Insurance coverage obtained by the importer or the exporter to minimize possible losses that can occur to the shipment /cargo (02 marks)

(iv)

(a) Informal communication means communication that takes place without a prescribed channel or outside of the organizational structure. (01 marks)

Ex: Gossip, grapevine (01 marks)

(b) Advantages:

- 1) Being faster than formal communication
- 2) Fulfilling social and mental requirements
- 3) The ability to discover some hidden and truthful information
- 4) The ability to prepare for the decision-making in advance $(1/2 \times 2 = 01 \text{ marks})$

Disadvantage:

- 1) More space to flow false information
- 2) Misunderstandings
- 3) Tarnishing the goodwill
- 4) Not covering all related parties
- 5) Being an irresponsible communications

 $(1/2 \times 02 = 01 \text{ marks})$

(v) (a) Advantages:

- 1. Protecting the product
- 2. Easy to transport
- 3. Ability to provide standards such as length, width, and weight
- 4. Ease of operational/handling activities
- 5. Having economic returns

 $(1/2 \times 04 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(b) Transportation is the process of moving people or goods from one place to another place utilizing different means.

(01 marks)

Logistics is the process of planning and implementation of the flow of goods, services, and relevant information forward and backward from the point of consumption efficiently and effectively intending to ensure the fulfillment of customer needs and wants.

(01 marks)

(i)	(a) Write four differences between wholesale trade and retail trade.(b) State two factors to be considered in designing a warehouse for	-	marks)
	industrial chemicals.	(02	marks)
(ii)	(a) State two e-business models and briefly explain each of them.	(02	marks)
	(b) What is meant by e-retailing?	(02	marks)
(iii)	(a) Define 'product franchises'.	(02	marks)
	(b) State four advantages of internationalization for a business.	(02	marks)
(iv)	(a) Describe two functions of a bill of lading.	(02	marks)
	(b) What is Entrepot trade?	(02	marks)
(v)	(a) State two multi-lateral trade agreements.	(02	marks)
	(b) Mention four advantages a country can gain from multi-lateral trade		
	agreements.	(02	marks)
		(Total 20	marks)

(i) (a)

	Wholesale Trade		Retail Trade
1) I	Purchasing for resale	1)	Purchasing for end consumption
2) (Comparatively, low prices	2)	Comparatively, higher price
3) \$	Selling/purchasing large quantities	3)	Selling/purchasing small quantities
4) I	Having few types of goods	4)	Vast variety of good
5) I	Few buyers	5)	Many buyers
6) \$	Sound customer relations	6)	Comparatively low customer relations

 $(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(b)

- 1) Adhering to legal requirements
- 2) Zoning and intensity of use in the warehouse
- 3) Maintaining the required temperature
- 4) Establishing emergency arrangements
- 5) Minimizing environment hazards
- 6) Minimizing social risks
- 7) Providing restricted access

 $(1 \times 2 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(ii) (a)

- 1) B2B Business to Business
- 2) B2C Business to Consumer
- 3) C2C Consumer to Consumer

- 4) G2C Government to Consumer
- 5) B2G Business to Government
- 6) G2B Government to Business
- 7) C2G Consumer to Government
- 8) G2G Government to Government

(Naming, $\frac{1}{2}$ X2 = 01 mark) (Description $\frac{1}{2}$ X 2 01 mark)

(b) All the activities relevant to buying and selling goods and services with the intention of end consumption through digital media. (02 marks)

(iii)

(a) A product franchise is a business arrangement in which the owner of a particular product, brand, or trademark (known as the franchisor) grants another individual or entity (known as the franchisee) the right to operate a business using that product or brand name.

(02 marks)

(b)

- 1) Market expansion
- 2) Ability to use modern technology
- 3) Ability to distribute products all over the world
- 4) Ability to get international recognition for the brand name
- 5) Ability to earn more returns
- 6) Locational advantages
- 7) Achieving economies of scale advantage

 $(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(iv) (a)

- 1) Act as a written proof of submitting goods to the shipping company/agent
- 2) Evidence of ownership of the goods
- 3) Agreements between ship owners/shipping agents and exporters
- 4) Assistance for customs clearance

(01 X 2 = 02 marks)

(b) Where goods are imported from another country and kept in a warehouse at the point of entry without being brought into the country and re-exported to another country.

(02 marks)

(v) (a) NAFTA, SAFTA, APTA, EEA, AFTA, BIMSTEC

(1X 2 = 02 marks)

(b)

- 1) Market expansion
- 2) A stable market
- 3) Developing international cooperation
- 4) Easy to face for the price deviations
- 5) Gaining various facilities like duty concessions
- 6) Ensuring all member countries gain equal rights
- 7) Creating employment opportunities

 $(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 02 \text{ marks})$

Part II

05.

Kamalini is the owner of a printing company. With the growth of the company, Kamalini realized the need of creating an organizational chart and delegating authority. She adopts control systems and employ motivational tactics to enhance the quality of the printing.

(i)	(a)	What is an 'organizational chart'?	(02	marks)
	(b)	Write four principles Kamalini needs to consider in creating an organizational		
		structure.	(02	marks)
(ii)	(a)	What is meant by 'delegation of authority'?	(02	marks)
	(b)	Write two challenges Kamalini faces in delegating authority?	(02	marks)
(iii)	(a)	Explain why employee motivation is required for Kamalini's company.	(02	marks)
	(b)	Write two non-financial motivational tactics Kamalini can adopt for her		
		business.	(02	marks)
(iv)	(a)	Explain how quality of printing will be enhanced if Kamalini uses Computerized		
		Numerical Control (CNC) system for production.	(02	marks)

(b) Some production details of Kamalini's company are given below.

Description	Estimated	Actual
Raw material cost per unit	Rs. 200	Rs. 250
Raw material quantity per unit of production	06 kg	08 kg

If the company produced 300 units in January,

(1) Calculate the price variance.

(01 mark)

(2) State whether the variance calculated in (1) above is favourable or unfavourable for Kamalini's business. (01 mark)

 (v) State most appropriate production method that Kamalini should apply for her business with three advantages of it.
 (04 marks)

(Total 20 marks)

(i) (a)

The way of showing the positions, functions, authority, accountability, responsibilities, and coordination of a formal organization is known as an organizational chart.

(02 marks)

(b)

- 1) Unity of command
- 2) Chain of command
- 3) Span of Control
- 4) Centralization and decentralization
- 5) Job specialization
- 6) Rules, regulations, and procedure
- 7) Coordination
- 8) Hierarchy

 $(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(ii)

(a) Delegating decision-making authority to lower levels

(02 marks)

(b)

- 1) Incompetency of employees
- 2) Lack of accountability
- 3) Risk of information leaking
- 4) Hesitate to accept the authority and responsibility

 $(01 \times 02 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(iii) (a)

- 1) To enhance employee productivity
- 2) To improve good industrial relations
- 3) To improve the goodwill of the business
- 4) To minimize employee absenteeism
- 5) To decrease employee turnover
- 6) To decrease resource wastage
- 7) To ensure a happy workforce
- 8) To capitalize on employee talents
- 9) To achieve organizational goals and objectives

 $(1/2 \times 04 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(b)

- 1) Training Employees
- 2) Promoting Employees
- 3) Ensuring job security
- 4) Creating a suitable working environment
- 5) Providing modern equipments
- 6) Providing health facilities, housing facilities, food, uniforms
- 7) Employee involvement in management
- 8) Organizing entertainment activities
- 9) Employee Appreciation
- 10) Employee empowerment

 $(1/2 \times 04 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(iv) (a)

- 1) Reducing wastage
- 2) High precision/accuracy

 $(01 \times 02 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(b)

1. (50x300) = Rs. 15,000

(01 mark)

Unfavorable

(01 mark)

(v) Batch production

(01 mark)

Advantages:

- 1) Ability to change design batch-wise
- 2) Reduce unit cost because of comparatively lot production
- 3) Ability to prioritize orders
- 4) Increase production volume
- 5) Customization

 $(01 \times 03 = 03 \text{ marks})$

Kanchana recently started an electrical appliance manufacturing company in Sri Lanka. Although his products are at an introductory stage of the Product Life Cycle, he is much concerned about the quality of products. He is also interested in sources of financing and breakeven point of the business.

- (i) (a) State two characteristics of a product which is at an introductory stage. (02 marks)
 - (b) Write two challenges Kanchana will face at the introductory stage of the product. (02 marks)
- (ii) (a) State four quality elements Kanchana should consider in designing a product. (02 marks)
 - (b) Suggest four methods of advertising Kanchana can use to promote the products. (02 marks)
- (iii) (a) What is 'market segmentation'?

(02 marks)

(b) Briefly explain two methods Kanchana can adopt to segment the domestic electrical appliance market.

(02 marks)

- (iv) (a) Write two direct financial sources Kanchana can use for the business.
- (02 marks)
- (b) State two instances where capital investment decisions are needed to be made in operating Kanchana's business. (02 marks)

De

 (v) Some information on production-related costs of Kanchana's business are given below;

	Ks.
Fixed cost	300 000
Variable cost (per unit)	500
Selling price (per unit)	1 000

(a) Calculate the break-even point:

(1) in units (01 mark)
(2) in rupees (01 mark)

- (b) If the company sells 1500 units, what will be the profit gained? (01 mark)
- (c) If the company doubles the selling price, what will be the new break-even point in units?

 (01 mark)

(Total 20 marks)

- (i) (a)
 - 1) Low sales
 - 2) Low profits/losses
 - 3) High promotion cost
 - 4) Offer a basic product

 $(01 \times 02 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(b)

- 1) Lack of consumer awareness
- 2) Competitiveness and legal and regulatory issues
- 3) Consumer refusal
- 4) Issues in identifying a pricing methds
- 5) Issues in identifying the target market
- 6) Issues in market positioning
- 7) Issues in distribution

 $(01 \times 02 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(ii) (a)

- 1) Durability
- 2) Proper functioning
- 3) Safety / Security
- 4) Reliability
- 5) Standardization
- 6) Suitability

 $(1/2 \times 04 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(b) TV, Radio, Posters, Banners, Billboards, Digital boards, Seasonal publications, News Papers, Brochures, Social media, e-mail campaign

 $(1/2 \times 04 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(iii)

(a) Segmenting the entire market with dissimilar features into groups of similar features is known as market segmentation

(02 marks)

(b)

- 1) Demographical Factors (Social classes, Income)
- 2) Behavioral Factors (Occasion, Loyalty)

(1 X 2 = 02 marks)

- (iv) (a)
 - 1) Retained profits
 - 2) Provision for depreciation
 - 3) Selling of extra assets
 - 4) Strict control of working capital
 - 5) Bank loans
 - 6) Personal loans

(1 X 2 = 02 marks)

(b)

- 1) Modernizing the business
- 2) Expanding the business
- 3) Diversifying the business
- 4) Fixed assets/ Long term securities

 $(1 \times 2 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(v) (a)

I. BEP in Units
$$= \frac{\text{Total fixed cost}}{\text{Contribution per unit}}$$
$$= \frac{300,000}{1,000 - 500}$$
$$= \frac{600 \text{ units}}{}$$

(01 mark)

II. BEP in
$$= 600 \text{ units x Rs. } 1,000$$

Rs. $= \underline{\text{Rs. } 600,000}$

(01 mark)

(b) Expected Units =
$$\frac{\text{TFC} + \text{Profit}}{\text{CPU}}$$

 $1500 = \frac{300,000 + \text{Profit}}{500}$

$$1500 \times 500 = 300,000 + Profit$$

 $750,000 - 300,000 = Profit$
 $Rs. 450,000 = Profit$

(01 mark)

(c) BEP in =
$$\frac{\text{TFC}}{\text{Units}}$$

Units CPU

= $\frac{300,000}{2,000 - 500}$

= $\frac{300,000}{1500}$

= $\frac{200 \text{ Units}}{\text{Units}}$ (01 mark)

- (i) (a) Name two ways a Public Limited Company can register in the Colombo Stock (02 marks) Exchange (CSE). (b) What is meant by the 'All Share Price Index' (ASPI)? (02 marks) (ii) (a) State two differences between cash budget and capital budget. (02 marks) (b) Mention four objectives of financial management. (02 marks) (iii) (a) Explain what is meant by Return on Investment (ROI) ratio and indicate two (02 marks) decisions an investor can make by using it. (b) State why an organization requires human resource planning and write two advantages that can be obtained from it. (02 marks) (iv) (a) Write two advantages and two disadvantages of recruiting casual employees (02 marks) for an organization. (b) State two benefits each an employer and employee can gain through a performance appraisal. (02 marks) (v) (a) State two ways of providing on-the-job training and indicate two benefits an (02 marks) organization can obtain from it. (b) Write four advantages of an effective grievance handling process for a business. (02 marks)
- (i) (a)
 - 1) Through an Initial Public Offer (IPO)
 - 2) Offer for sale
 - 3) Through an Introduction

(02 marks)

(Total 20 marks)

(b) All Share Price Index (ASPI) -

This shows the fluctuations of prices of voting ordinary shares of all the listed companies in the Colombo Stock Exchange

(02 marks)

(ii) (a)

Cash Budget	Capital Budget
1) Short term	1) Long term
2) Cash flow decisions	2) Investments decisions
3) Cash receipts and disbursement	3) Investment and return

(1 X 2 = 02 marks)

(b)

- 1) Profit maximization
- 2) Maximizing earnings per share

- 3) Establishment of long-term financial stability
- 4) Maintaining the liquidity at an optimum level
- 5) Maximizing the wealth of shareholders
- 6) Optimal utilization of resources
- 7) Stakeholder satisfaction
- 8) Risk management

 $(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 02 \text{ marks})$

(iii) (a)

ROI shows the relationship between the returns of the business related to the total investment as a percentage

(01 mark)

Decisions

- 1) Selecting investment opportunity
- 2) Portfolio management decision
- 3) Benchmarking and investing decision

 $(1/2 \times 2 = 01 \text{ marks})$

(b) Ability to determine workforce requirements and make decisions regarding the activities to be implemented to fulfill those requirements to achieve the goals and objectives of a firm.

(01 mark)

Advantages

- 1) Ability to determine the future human resources requirements
- 2) Ability to minimize labour cost by identifying excess and deficiencies in labour and taking necessary action for them
- 3) Ability to avoid unnecessary costs that may occur due to sudden recruitment
- 4) Ability to utilize human resources efficiently and productively.
- 5) Ability to lead the other management functions of the organization in the expected manner
- 6) Ability to develop competent employees

 $(1 \times 2 = 01 \text{ marks})$

(iv) (a)

Advantages:

- 1) No guarantee of permanency
- 2) Minimize the labour cost
- 3) When necessary, the employee can be terminated

- 4) Flexibility in recruitments
- 5) Less barging power on employee rights

 $(1/2 \times 2 = 01 \text{ mark})$

Disadvantages:

- 1) Lack of accountability of employees
- 2) Lack of employee loyalty
- 3) Lack of commitment
- 4) Additional cost due to repeat recruitments
- 5) High absenteeism

 $(1/2 \times 2 = 01 \text{ mark})$

(b)

Employer:

- 1) To recognize training needs
- 2) To make decisions on promotion and transfers
- 3) To make decisions on salary increment
- 4) To increase the employee productivity

 $(1/2 \times 2 = 01 \text{ mark})$

Employee:

- 1) Increase employee motivation
- 2) Ability to enjoy benefits through performance evaluation
- 3) Being qualified for future promotions
- 4) Ability to increase personal returns
- 5) Ability to recognize own strengths/ weaknesses

 $(1/2 \times 2 = 01 \text{ mark})$

(v) (a)

- 1) Coaching
- 2) Apprenticeship
- 3) Job rotation
- 4) Internships
- 5) Under study
- 6) Mentoring
- 7) Shadow training

 $(1/2 \times 2 = 01 \text{ mark})$

Benefits:

1) While training is on the job, no disturbance to production

- 2) Minimize training cost
- 3) Effective training
- 4) Strengthening employee affection

 $(1/2 \times 2 = 01 \text{ mark})$

(b)

- 1) Decreasing employee turnover
- 2) Controlling employee absenteeism
- 3) Minimizing trade union actions
- 4) Ensuring industrial harmony by strengthening industrial relations
- 5) Increasing the goodwill of the business
- 6) Employee motivation

(1/2 X 4 = 02 marks)

08.

 (i) (a) Explain what is meant by 'exit interviews' and state two benefits an organization (02 marks) can obtain from it. (02 marks) (b) Explain the process of data processing using an example. (ii) (a) State four methods that information can be classified according to the (02 marks) source. (02 marks) (b) Write two methods a company can adopt to ensure data protection. (iii) (a) Describe 'Strategic Information Systems' (SIS) and write two advantages from it for an organization. (02 marks) (b) Explain how Management Information Systems assist decision making of middle managers. (02 marks) (iv) (a) State two instances each where social media can be a threat to businesses (02 marks) and customers. (b) State four situations a business plan is required for an organization. (02 marks) (02 marks) (v) (a) What is a 'green product'? (b) Write four advantages for consumers from green products. (02 marks)

(i)

(a) Discussion conducted by the management of the organization with an employee about to leave or already left known as an exit interview

(01 mark)

(Total 20 marks)

Benefits:

- 1) To know the reasons for leaving the organization Ex: Salary issues, work-related issues, service conditions related issues
- 2) To provide solution for the identified issues
- 3) To get knowledge about employees' awareness of the organization
- 4) To identify the responsibilities of the organization and match them with the expectations of the departing employee

5) Ability to identify risks and provide solutions immediately

 $(1/2 \times 2 = 01 \text{ mark})$

(b) Data \longrightarrow Processing \longrightarrow Information

(01 mark)

The process of converting data into information is known as data processing.

Ex: Preparing financial statements using daily transactions. Merging different types of data and converting them into information

(01 mark)

- **(ii)** (a)
 - 1) External
 - 2) Internal
 - 3) Primary
 - 4) Secondary

(1/2 X 4 = 02 mark)

(b)

- 1) Using a formal and strong password
- 2) Providing security to all computers
- 3) Protecting from viruses
- 4) Continuous maintenance and control
- 5) Maintaining Backups
- 6) Firewalls and Network Security

(1 X 2 = 02 marks)

(iii) (a) Strategic Information Systems (SIS) refers to the use of information technology (IT) to support or shape the strategic goals and objectives of an organization.

(01 marks)

Advantages:

- 1) Supporting to make long-term decisions
- 2) Facilitate summarized information to the top management
- 3) Ability to increase efficiency
- 4) Ability to achieve competitive advantage
- 5) Assisting in effective resource management

 $(1/2 \times 2 = 01 \text{ mark})$

(b)

- 1) Facilitate middle-level managers to reach current performance and past reports (collecting data)
- 2) To analyze information daily, weekly, monthly, annually or to generate special reports when necessary
- 3) To make decisions related to the above situations

(1X 2 = 02 marks)

(iv) (a) To Businesses

- 1) Unnecessary/false criticism
- 2) Reputation damage
- 3) Competitive challenges
- 4) Intellectual property risks

 $(1/2 \times 2 = 01 \text{ mark})$

To Customers

- 1) Making wrong buying decisions
- 2) Providing wrong or misleading information
- 3) Privacy concerns
- 4) Cyberbullying
- 5) Tarnishing personal image

 $(1/2 \times 2 = 01 \text{ mark})$

(b)

- 1) For new business opportunities
- 2) Expansions of an existing business
- 3) Amalgamating business
- 4) Business modification
- 5) Purchasing a business
- 6) Applying for a loan

(1/2 X 4) = 02 marks)

(v) (a) Green products are designed and produced with the goal of minimizing their impact on the environment throughout their life cycle, including manufacturing, use, and disposal.

(02 marks)

(b)

- 1) Health benefits
- 2) Fewer issues in disposing of waste
- 3) Contribution to environmental protection
- 4) Ability to consume quality products
- 5) Cost savings

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- 6) Reduced carbon footprint
- 7) Resource conservation
- 8) Contribution to a circular economy

(1/2 X 4) = 02 marks)

