

(1)

ඛදුවන තාර ඇගයීම - 2020
ගත්තය - 11 ජේතිය

I තත්ත්‍ය - A කොටස - ප්‍රාග්‍රැයකල උක්ත්‍ය ② බැහුජ්‍ය

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 6 \times 50000 \times \frac{4}{100} = 6 \times 20000$$

$$\textcircled{14} \quad g6 = ගෝග \times වෙළුම
= \frac{30}{60} \text{ km min}^{-1} \times 40 \text{ min}\\ = 20 \text{ km}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad (x+5)(x+4)$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 6x = 180^\circ\\ x = 30^\circ$$

$$\textcircled{15} \quad \hat{AOB} = 100^\circ\\ x = 50^\circ$$

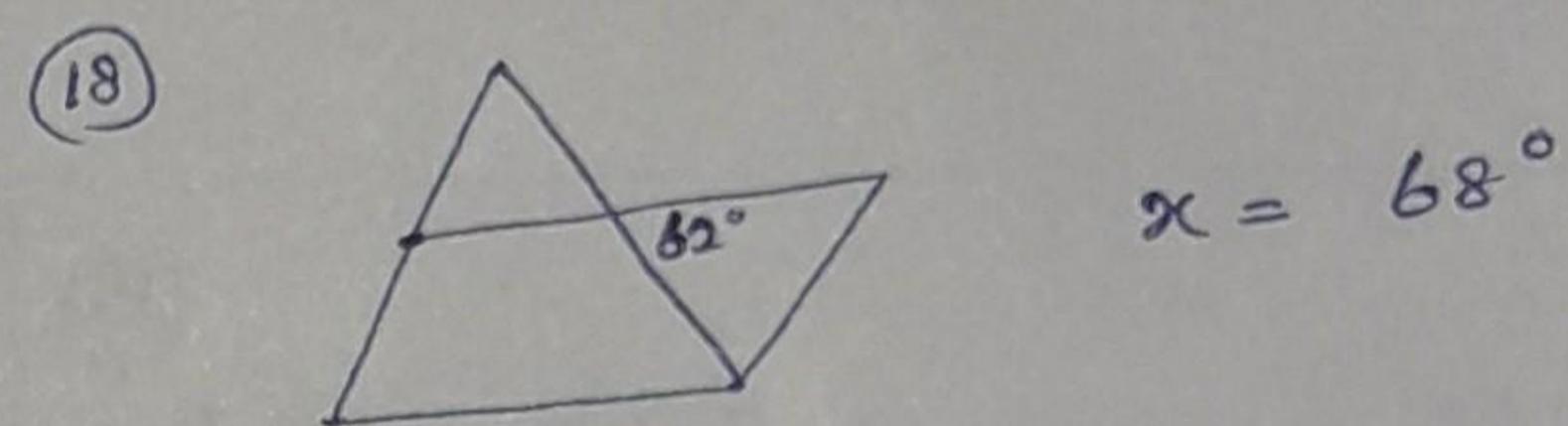
$$\textcircled{4} \quad 4^a = 4^3\\ a = 3$$

$$\textcircled{16} \quad x+5 = 0 \text{ cm} \quad 3-x = 0\\ x = 5 \quad x = 3$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \frac{6 \times 4 \times 2}{8} = 6$$

$$\textcircled{17} \quad 6x^2y^2$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad \frac{4}{2x} \times \frac{2x}{1} = 4$$



$$\textcircled{7} \quad \frac{22}{7} \times 14 \times 14 + 14 \times 14$$

$$504 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\textcircled{18} \quad ar = 10 \quad \frac{ar^5}{ar} = \frac{160}{10}\\ ar^5 = 160 \quad r^4 = 16\\ r = 2$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad 2\pi r \times 12 = 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 3.5 \times 12\\ = 264 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\textcircled{20} \quad PR = RS$$

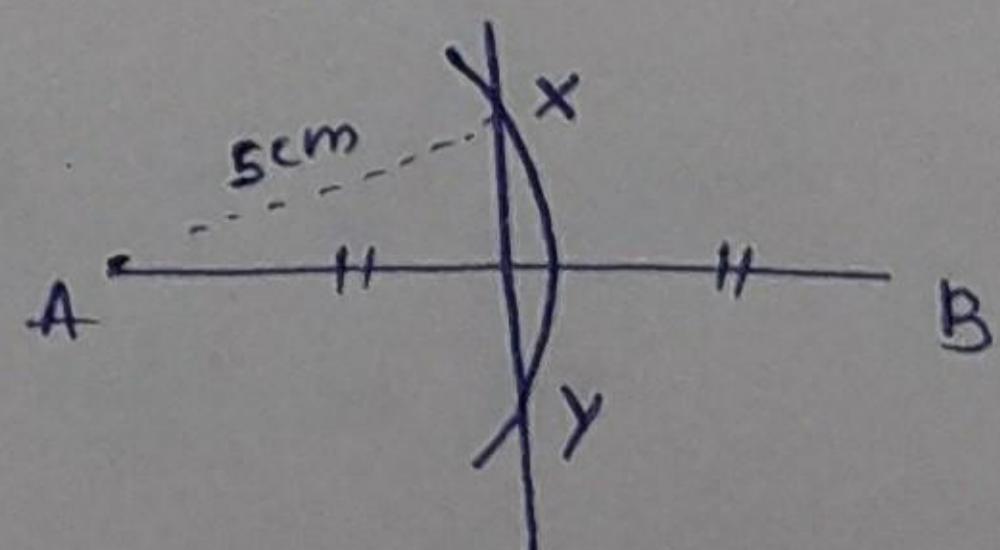
$$\textcircled{21} \quad \text{i) } 65.3 \text{ m} \quad \text{ii) } 800 \text{ m}$$

$$\textcircled{22} \quad 3, 2, 4, 6 \quad \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\textcircled{23} \quad (1+n) \times \frac{3}{4} = 12 \quad \therefore 1+n = 16 \\ n = 15$$

$$\textcircled{24} \quad \{12, 16\}$$

$\textcircled{25}$



$$\textcircled{13} \quad 2x \leq 10\\ x \leq 5 \quad \therefore \underline{\underline{5}}$$

B නොවස

$$\textcircled{1} \quad i) \frac{24}{25}$$

— ①

$$\textcircled{ii}) \frac{24}{25} \text{ of } \frac{5}{8} = \frac{15}{25} = \frac{3}{4}$$

— ②

$$\textcircled{iii}) \frac{1}{25} + \frac{15}{25} = \frac{16}{25}$$

— ②

$$\frac{9}{25} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{6}{25}$$

— ②

$$\textcircled{iv}) \frac{25}{25} - \left[\frac{1}{25} + \frac{15}{25} + \frac{6}{25} \right] = \frac{3}{25} \quad \text{— ③}$$

සේය

$$\frac{24}{25} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{25}$$

10

$$\textcircled{3} \quad i) 62.25 \times 1500 = 62.37500 \quad \text{— ①}$$

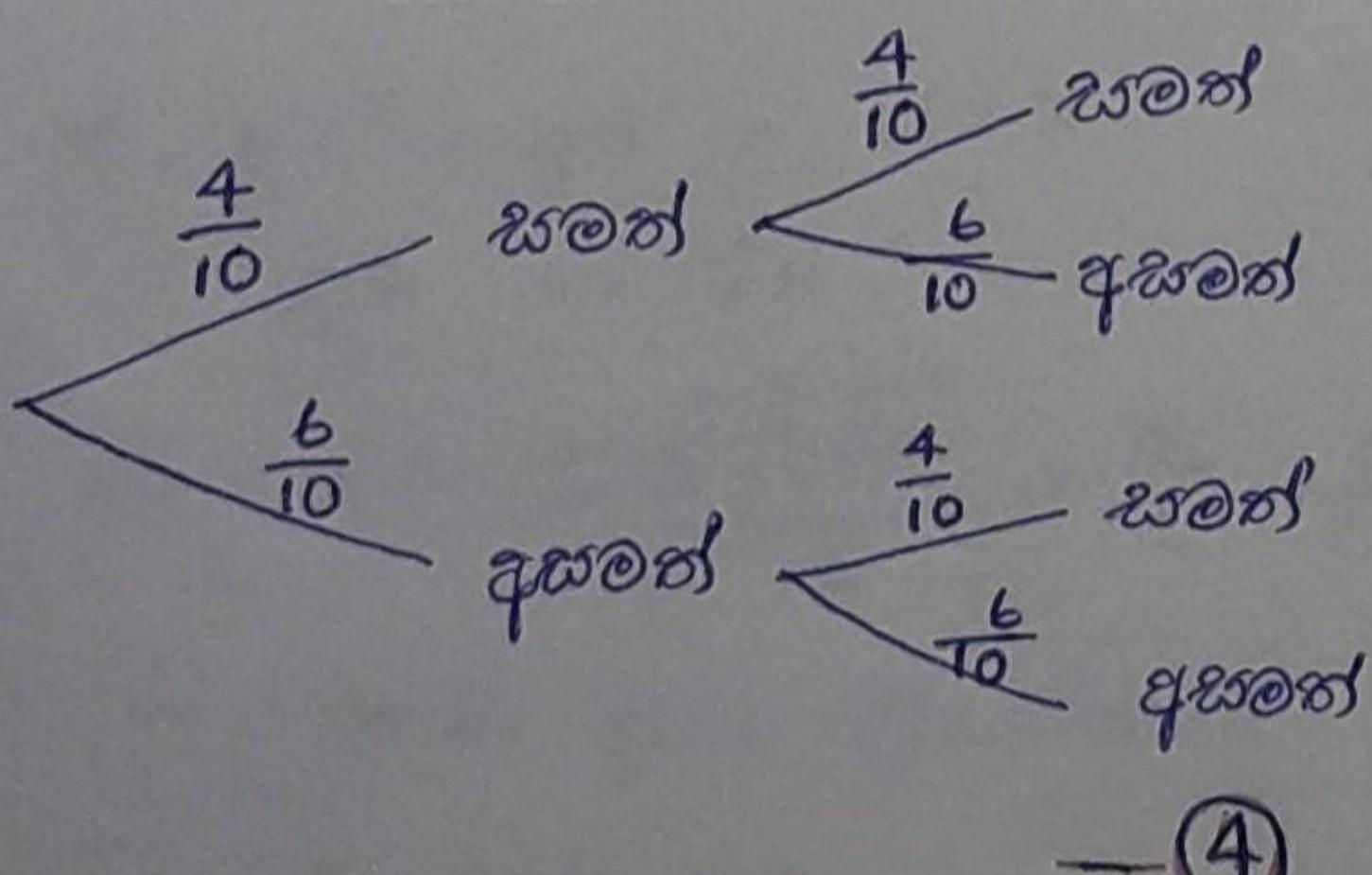
$$\textcircled{ii}) \frac{62.42000}{1500} = 62.28 \quad \text{— ②}$$

$$\textcircled{iii}) 62.42000 - 37500 = 62.4500 \quad \text{— ②}$$

$$\textcircled{iv}) \frac{62.4500}{62.37500} \times 100\% = 12\% \quad \text{— ②}$$

$$\textcircled{v}) \frac{120}{100} \times 25 = 62.30 \quad \text{— ③}$$

(5)

I පූරුෂII පූරුෂ

$$\textcircled{2} \quad i) 21 \text{ cm}$$

— ①

$$\textcircled{ii}) 99 \text{ cm}$$

— ①

$$\textcircled{iii}) x^2 = 28^2 + 21^2$$

$$x = 35 \text{ cm}$$

$$\textcircled{iv}) \text{ ජ්‍රීතිය} = \frac{2\pi r}{2} + 50 \times 2 + (28+35) \times 2$$

$$= 292 \text{ cm} \quad \text{— ②}$$

$$\text{ඛාල} = \frac{292}{2} = 146 \quad \text{— ①}$$

$$\textcircled{v}) \frac{1}{2}\pi r^2 + 50 \times 4^2 + 2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 21 \times 28$$

①

$$\textcircled{vi}) 693 + 2100 + 588 \\ 3381 \text{ cm}^2 \quad \text{— ①}$$

10

④

$$\textcircled{i}) \text{ ජාල තීරු 3}$$

— ①

$$(25-35) \text{ ජ්‍රීතිය අභ්‍යල තීරුයේ} \\ \text{සැස එකක 4}$$

— ①

$$(35-50) \text{ ජ්‍රීතිය අභ්‍යල තීරුයේ} \\ \text{සැස එකක 3}$$

— ①

$$\textcircled{ii}) \text{ ජාල තීරු තුනකී බෙහා ලක්ෂ නිවැරදිව බැහැර වන හා අවසාන තීරු වල නිවැරදි බෙහා ලක්ෂය}$$

— ②

$$\text{අභ්‍යල ලක්ෂය දෙක නිවැරදිව} \\ \text{ලක්ෂු ත්‍රිත්වය}$$

— ①

$$\textcircled{iii}) \frac{360}{45} \times 8 = 64^\circ$$

— ③

10

$$\textcircled{ii}) \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{4}{10} = \frac{16}{100}$$

— ②

$$\textcircled{iii}) \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{4}{10} + \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{6}{10} + \frac{6}{10} \times \frac{4}{10} = \frac{64}{100}$$

$$\textcircled{iv}) 250 \times \frac{64}{100} = 158$$

— ②

10

II ජිත්‍ය
A කොටස

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \quad \text{ත්‍රෟය මුදල} &= 62.36000 \quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{මාසික ත්‍රෟය මුදල} &= 6x.3000 \quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{මාස ප්‍රකාශයට හේලිය} &= 6x.27.50 \quad \textcircled{1} \\ \text{මාස ප්‍රකාශ ගැනීම} &= 78 \quad \textcircled{2} \\ \text{මුදල නොලිය} &= 62.2145 \quad \textcircled{1} \\ \text{මුදල මුදල} &= 6x.38145 \quad \textcircled{2} \\ \text{විෂ්වාසීය විවෘතාකාර} &= 6x.3178.75 \quad \textcircled{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{3} \quad \text{i)} \quad 500 - 600 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{ii)} \quad x \text{ තීරෙය} &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ f_x \text{ තීරෙය} &\quad \leftarrow \textcircled{2} \\ zfx &\quad \leftarrow \textcircled{1} \\ \text{iii)} \quad \frac{55600}{100} &= 556g \quad \textcircled{1} \\ \text{iv)} \quad \frac{556 \times 100 \times 5}{1000} &= 278g \quad \textcircled{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{4} \quad \text{i)} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{30}^\circ \\ \diagdown \\ \text{40}^\circ \end{array} &\quad 20 \text{ මුද්‍රා } \quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{ii)} \quad \text{ජ්‍යෝතිෂ්‍ය මුද්‍රා} &\quad -\textcircled{5} \\ \text{iii)} \quad 20 \text{ m } \text{ උග්‍රහීම} &\quad -\textcircled{2} \\ \text{iv)} \quad 30 \text{ m } \text{ උග්‍රහීම} &\quad -\textcircled{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{6} \quad \text{i)} \quad \frac{3x^2 + 4x}{2} &\quad -\textcircled{2} \\ \text{ii)} \quad 3x^2 + 4x = 112 \times 2 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{iii)} \quad x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{2704}{6}} - \frac{4}{6} &\quad -\textcircled{4} \\ \text{iv)} \quad \text{ජ්‍යෝතිෂ්‍ය මුද්‍රා } \quad -\textcircled{1} \\ x = 7 \text{ cm} &\quad -\textcircled{1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{2} \quad \text{i)} \quad a - 1) - 3 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{ii)} \quad \text{අභ්‍ය ප්‍රමාණය} \\ \text{නිඛුත් උග්‍රහා } 6 \text{ අ} \\ \text{චැලුය} &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{b)} \quad \text{i)} \quad -0.8 < x < 1 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{ii)} \quad y = (x-1)^2 - 2 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{iii)} \quad x = 2.4 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ 0 = (2.4 - 1)^2 - 2 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ 2 = 1.4^2 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \sqrt{2} = 1.4 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{5} \quad \text{i)} \quad x+y = 275 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{a)} \quad 3x+2y = 625 &\quad -\textcircled{2} \\ \text{ii)} \quad \text{රාකියා රුවන ක්‍රියා } \quad -\textcircled{2} \\ \text{රාකියා ආය සේවීම } \quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{ආදේශය } \quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{බුත්‍ර රාකියා ආය සේවීම } \quad -\textcircled{1} \\ x = 75, y = 200 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{b)} \quad x \geq 3 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{අඬා ජ්‍යෙෂ්ඨය } = 3 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{7} \quad \text{i)} \quad x+2 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{a)} \quad \text{ii)} \quad T_{10} = a + 9d \quad \text{ඝේ ආදේශය } -\textcircled{1} \\ &= 2(10x + 19) \quad \text{වැනැඳීම } -\textcircled{1} \\ &= 20x + 38 \quad \text{වැනැඳීම } -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{iii)} \quad \text{ස්‍රිතුයට } \quad \text{ඝේ ආදේශය } &\quad -\textcircled{2} \\ \text{සැපෑන්සය } \quad 55x + 120 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{b)} \quad \text{ස්‍රිතුයට } &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \text{ආදේශය } &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ \cancel{2072} \quad 1024 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \\ 2072 &\quad -\textcircled{1} \end{aligned}$$

II ජායා - B (ඉති)

(4)

- ⑧ i) Δ ස්කෑට්‍රොයිය — ③
 ii) සැවිසේලාය — ①
 x ලුණු කිහිප — ①
 iii) උච්චය — ①
 y ලුණු කිහිප — ①
 iv) ස්බාන්සර ගේකාව — ①
 v) මින්නය
 ඇරය — ①

- ⑨ i) $PQ \parallel YZ$ $PQ = 2YZ$ — ① + ①
 ii) ඔ.එ.ප්‍රමෝදය මිනිම — ③
 iii) $P\bar{X}Q = Z\bar{X}K$
 $Q\bar{P}X = X\bar{Z}K$
 $PX = XZ$ } $① \times 3$
- iv) $PQ \parallel ZK$ (ඔ.එ.ප්‍ර.) — ①
 $PQ = ZK$ (අංගසම ත්‍රිඛෙක්සල)
 අුරුදු ආය

⑩

ABCD ස්බාන්සරානුයෙන් නා
 නාදුනා ගැනීම — ②

$AXZ \Delta$ හා $BXC \Delta$

ස්බාන්සේ නා ගැනීම — ⑥

∴ අුරුදු නෑ ස්බාන්සානින් නා

— ②

- ⑫ a) i) ස්වැරුදු එස්සා ප්‍රස්ථාරය — ②
 ii) A නා කර දැඩ්වීම — ①
 iii) $P(A) = \frac{n(A)}{n(S)}$
 $= \frac{10}{36}$ } ②

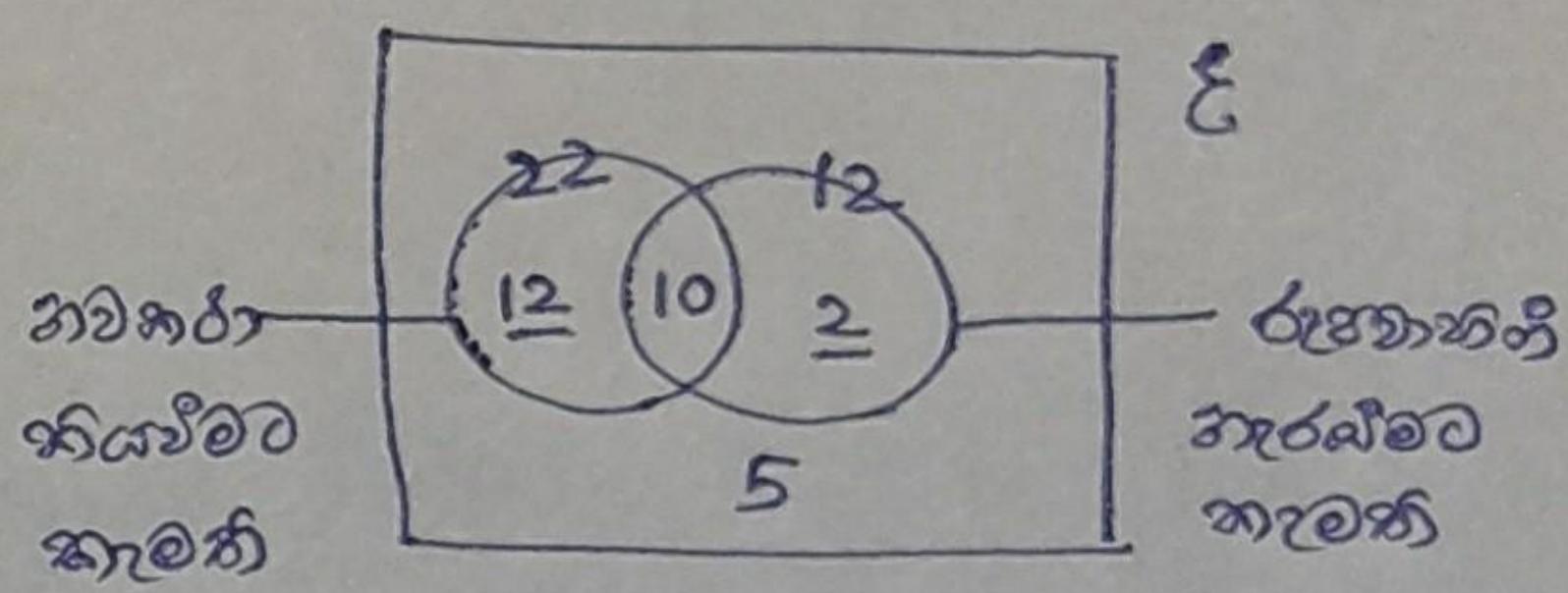
⑪

$$I) \pi r^2 h = 10 \times \frac{4}{3} \pi a^3 — ①$$

$$h = \frac{40a^3}{3r^2} — ②$$

$$= \frac{40a^3}{3 \times 49} — ①$$

b) i)



ii)

$$\log h = 1.6021 + 0.3617 \times 3 - 2.1673 — ②$$

$$= 1.6021 + 1.0851 - 2.1673$$

$$= 0.5199 — ①$$

$$= 3.311 \text{ cm} — ①$$

5, 22, 12, 10 දැඩ්වීම — ④

12 22 2 දැඩ්වීම නො

වෙත ගැනීම — ②

බඳු නා 4 cm උසක තුළ ඇ.

4 cm > 3.3 cm

∴ ජෙය ඇත්තේ ගොයයි.

එස්සේ ප්‍රස්ථාරයට

න්‍යුත්‍රා නියෝග කළත් — ②

ii) 12 — ①

iii) 39 — ①

* තුළක 1) ස්බාන්සරානුයෙන්

4 එකෙන උසක ස්බාන්සරානුයෙන් ප්‍රස්ථාරය මි කුළුව 2 එකෙන ගැනීම — ②