සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇව්රිණි /(ගුගුට් பதிப்புநிமையுடையது /All Rights Reserved)

# (පැරණි නිර්දේශය/பழைய பாடத்திட்டம்/Old Syllabus)

<b>5</b> 1.0	ලංකා විභාග පෙපාරතු	අම්ත්තුව දී ලංක	ා විෂාග දෙපාර්ස්	Boranga a	POPULA GEOPHIA	Single Balant	වුනාන දෙපාර්තර	මෙන්තුව 🥞 ලං	කා විහාන (	sදපාර්තමේන්තුව <sup>*</sup>
ğď	OTB	திணைக்களம்	இலங்கைப் பு	දිගලේ නිකණ	க்களம் இலங்கை	சப் பர்ட்சைக்	திணைக்களம்	இலங்கைப்	பரீட்சைத்	திணைக்களம்
Ď	<b>OLD</b>	ìons, Sri Lanka	Department of	<b>SHAMMARITS</b>	rLIJJLik 600 JE je Bartins	Productive were	😘. Sri Lanka I	Department of	f Examinati	ions, Sri Lanka
<b>5</b> (	ULD	මිනතුව දී ලංක	විමාග දෙ <b>ඇතු</b> කු	මේන්තුව කි.ලංක	f Examinat	මත්තුව 🌊 අංග	විතානු දෙපාර්තර	මේත්තුව මී ලං	කා විතාග (	<b>පදහරගමේන්තුව</b>
<b>9</b> 00	நொகு பர்டனத்	திணைக்களம்	இலங்கைப் 🛅	டவசத் தணை	க்கள்ம் இலங்க		த்தின்க்களம்	இலங்கைப்	பரீட்சைத்	திணைக்களம்

අධාායන පොදු සහතික පතු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2020

භූගෝල විදාාව I புவியியல் Geography



පැය දෙකයි இரண்டு மணித்தியாலம் Two hours

	<b>™</b> T		
Index	NO.	-	

#### **Instructions:**

- \* This paper consists of two parts.
- \* Part I consists of 30 multiple choice questions. Answers to Part I should be written on this paper itself.
- \* Answer scripts of both Part I and Part II, should be attached together and handed over.

## For Examiner's use only.

	Question No.	Marks
Part I	1 - 30	
	1	
Part II	2	
	3	
7	otal	

	Signature	Code Number
1 <sup>st</sup> Examiner		
2 <sup>nd</sup> Examiner		
Additional Chief Examiner		
Chief Examiner		
EMF		

### Part I

- Select the option that contains the correct answer for each question and write its number on the dotted line.
- 1. Who has defined 'Geography' as the "study of areal differentiation of the Earth"?
  - (1) Richard Hartshone
- (2) Alexander von Humboldt

(3) Carl Ritter

(4) Immanuel Kant

(5) David Harvey

- $(\dots)$
- 2. Which of the following shows the correct symbol that indicates the Grama Niladari Division Boundary on the 1:50,000 topographic map of Sri Lanka (in red colour)?
  - (1) +--+--+--+--+--
- (2) +·+·+·+·+·+
- (3) \_\_\_\_\_
- (4) \_ ...\_ ..\_

- 3. The graphical method which can be used to depict the continuous change in a data array over a specific period of time is,
  - (1) Simple bar graph.
- (2) Multiple bar graph.

(3) Pie chart.

(4) Line graph.

(5) Flow chart.

(....)

 $(\ldots)$ 

- 4. On a map drawn at the scale of 1:50,000 the actual length of 1cm is,
  - (1) 10 metres.

(2) 50 metres.

(3) 100 metres.

(4) 500 metres.

(5) 1,000 metres.

(							
5.	Syste				ta groups used in	n Geographic II	nformation
	(2)	Administrative units, roads, cultive Administrative units, roads, cities Roads, reservoirs, population in a					
	(4)	Cultivated land extent, population	den	sity, roads			( )
_		Administrative units, cities, cultiva					()
6.		measure that could be used to ident Mean.	•	the dispersion Standard dev		ribution is	
		Mode.	٠.,	Frequency.	introll.		
	(5)	Percentile.	. ,				()
7.	The	data collected from a field survey	are,				
	` '	Continuous data.	` '	Discrete data			
		Grouped data.	(4)	Primary data			
	(5)	Secondary data.					()
8.		h of the following is an open source			Geographic Info	ormation Syster	ns?
		QGIS.		MapInfo			
	` '	ArcView GIS. Global Mapper.	(4)	ArcGIS			()
_		2.2					()
У.		array means a set of data,					
		collected with a specific objective presented in its original form.	•				
		presented in columns or rows in	an o	rder.			
		in which fluctuations can be easil					
	(5)	which cannot be subjected to stati	stica	l analysis.			()
10.	What	is the new scale when a 1:50,000	sca	le map is red	luced by four tin	mes?	
		1:12,500		1:25,000			
		1:200,000	(4)	1:400,000			, ,
	(5)	1:500,000					()
11.		amount of water vapour in a given		-	_	maximum possi	ble
		vapour that could be held by that			-		
		<del>-</del>		Relative hum Adiabatic coc	•		
		Adiabatic heating.	( . )				()
12	The c	option that correctly indicates two	huma	on activities c	contributing to al	imate abanca i	a
14.		Clearing of forests and combustion			contributing to Ci	illiate change i	.5,
		Bacterial activity and use of pestion					
		Increase in the number of factorie					
		Emission of CFC gases and El N					
	(5)	Use of refrigerators and La Nina	activ	rity.			()
13.		nswer that correctly shows three la	andfo	orms created	by erosion in ar	id areas is,	
		Inselberg, Ventifact, Yardang.					
		Ventifact, Playa lake, Barchan.					
		Yardang, Inselberg, Barchan. Zeugen, Inselberg, Barchan.		•			
		Playa lake, Yardang, Longitudinal	sand	dunes.			()
14							. ,
<b>4 ⊤</b> .		dform created by the sea wave act Wadi. (2) Gorge.		is, Stack.	(4) Yardang.	(5) Hamada	. ()
		· / · · · ·	. /		· /	· /	\ ·- · · · ·

			)
(1) (2) (3) (4)	n geological incident which took place deposition between Sri Lanka and separation of Sri Lanka from India formation of Tabbowa deposits. disintegration of the Gondwanaland formation of Ratnapura deposits.	a.	()
(1) (3)	Welimada.	ation of Dry Patana grasslands in Sri Lanka is, (2) Horton plains. (4) Gal Oya.	()
(1) (3)	low country wet zone.	eads over the largest extent of land is, (2) low country dry zone. (4) hill country dry zone.	()
(1) (2) (3) (4)	decrease in the area under wetland desalinization of ground water. rise in the sea level. decrease in temperature of the occincrease in the composition of car	ds. eans' surface.	()
(1) (3)	ndform created by compressional m rift valley. normal fault. isoclinal fold.	ovements is, (2) block fault. (4) step fault.	()
	h one is a National Park in Sri La Sinharaja (2) Wilpattu	anka? (3) Bundala (4) Victoria (5) Ritigala	()
(1) (3)	member states of the European Unio Switzerland and Georgia. Finland and Belgium. Portugal and Iceland.	(2) Norway and Sweden.	()
(1) (2) (3) (4)	h of the following options includes United States of America and Spa New Zealand and Portugal Italy and New Zealand Russia and Australia Denmark and Netherlands	two major dairy producing countries in the world	i? ()
(1) (2) (3) (4)	inclusion of outsiders into their como resistance to environmental compandandoning the existing territory and abandoning the interrelationships with the company of the com	nservation rules and laws.  and moving into the jungle further.	()
(1) (2) (3) (4)	in feature of a constrictive population majority of the population is belo bottom of the pyramid is expandi birth rate and death rate show lovery low percentage of the population and age groups of the population as	ow the age of 15 years.  ng.  w values.  ation is over 65 years.	()

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
25	Тол	which major functional type the city of	Kandy belongs?	
			Residential	
	٠,		Industrial	
	(5)	Cultural		()
26.	culti	vation?	ch one is the lowest in terms of area und	er
			Coconut	
		Tea (4) Mixed crops	Rubber	()
25	• •	1		. ,
27.	(1) (2) (3) (4)	s of America? High-tech industry Motor vehicle industry Ship building industry Chemical industry	industry in the 'Silicon Valley' of the Unite	
	(3)	Food canning industry		()
28.	(1) (2) (3) (4)	ation from Sri Lanka to Middle East c a good example for brain drain. an illegal migration. limited to a particular ethnic group. a permanent migration. a source of earning foreign exchange.	ountries is,	()
29.	The	regional organization with the highest r	number of member countries in the world is	
	(1)	Association of South-East Asian Natio	ns. (ASEAN)	
		European Union. (EU)	G (G) 1 PG	
		South Asian Association for Regional United Nations Economic Commission		
		North American Free Trade Agreement		()
30		Lanka' is		` /
00.	(1) (2) (3) (4)	a facilitating system to improve mone a method implemented to develop tran- a system employed to improve softwar a web site containing encyclopedias ar	sactions among farmers. re packages. nd dictionaries.	
	(5)	a policy framework formulated to imp	lement information technology.	()
			* *	
			•	

සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇව්ටිනි /(மුழுப் பதிப்புநிமையுடையது /All Rights Reserved)

(පැරණි නිර්දේශය/பழைய பாடத்திட்டம்/Old Syllabus

goan විශාල පොරතුමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා විශාල දෙපාර්ත අත්තුව කියලා සහ පොරතුම්න්තුව ලී ලංකා විශාල දෙපාර්ත මේන්තුව නිශානය පාර්ත මේන්තුව ලී ලංකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත අත්තුව කියලා පත්තුව ලී ලංකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත මේන්තුව ලී ලේකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත මේන්තුව ලේකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත මේන්තුව ලී ලේකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත මේන්තුව ලී ලේකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත මේන්තුව ලේකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත මේකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත මේන්තුව ලේකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත මේන්තුව ලේකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත මේකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත මේන්තුව ලේකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත මේකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත මේන්තුව ලේකා විශාල පෙපාර්ත මේකා විශාල පෙත් විශාල පෙත් මේකා විශාල පෙත් විය

අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2020

තුගෝල විදාහාව I புவியியல் I Geography I



## Part II

### **Instructions:**

- \* Answer two questions only, selecting question 1 and one question from questions 2 and 3.
- \* A part of 1:50,000 topographic map of Rathnapura is provided to you. A graph paper is provided, if needed.
- 1. You are provided with a part of the 1:50,000 topographic map of Rathnapura, published by the Survey Department of Sri Lanka. The contours are shown at 20 metre interval. Answer the following questions based on the map.

## N.B.

- \* You should clearly state the relevant question number and number of its subsection in the answer script.
- \* Answers should not be written on the map.
- \* Do not attach the provided map to your answer script.
- (i) Name a Divisional Secretariat Division shown in the map.

(01 *marks*)

- (ii) Name the two drainage features shown within squares A and B.
- (02 marks)
- (iii) Name the two types of valleys marked by lines C D and E F.
- (02 marks)
- (iv) Name the **four** landform features marked by lines **G-H**, **J-K**, **L-M** and **N-O** respectively.
  - (02 marks)
- (v) Name six agricultural land use types found within the quadrilateral P.
- (03 marks)
- (vi) Name the salient drainage pattern found in the map area and explain with **two** facts the relationship with the drainage pattern and the relief.
  - (04 *marks*)
- (vii) Comparatively describe the agriculture, settlements and road network in the Eastern and Western parts of the map area.
  - (06 *marks*)

2. (i) What is meant by a 'map'?

- (02 *marks*)
- (ii) State six factors that have contributed to make widespread use of modern cartography. (06 marks)
- (iii) Describe in brief **two** uses of each of the **three** technological methods of modern cartography. (06 marks)
- (iv) Select one of the technological methods explained in No. (iii) above and explain three limitations emerged in its use. (06 marks)

3. Table 1 shows the districts in Sri Lanka where over 2,000 Dengue patients were reported in 2019.

Table 1: Number of Dengue patients in selected Districts of Sri Lanka - 2019

District	Number of Dengue patients
Hambantota	2 049
Puttalam	2.257
Matale	2 445
Kegalle	2 716
Batticaloa	2 848
Trincomalee	2 969
Kurunegala	3 218
Matara	4 054
Ratnapura	4 086
Galle	7 378
Jaffna	8 261
Kalutara	8 359
Kandy	8 940
Gampaha	16 573
Colombo	20 718

Source: Epidemiology Unit, Ministry of Health, Sri Lanka, 2020

- (i) Draw a simple bar graph to present data provided in **Table 1**. (Ask for a graph paper for this drawing). (06 marks)
- (ii) Based on the graph you have drawn, describe **three** salient features of the distribution of Dengue patients in selected districts. (06 marks)
- (iii) State **two** advantages and **two** disadvantages in representing data by a simple bar graph. (04 marks)
- (iv) Explain steps in drawing of another suitable graphical method that can be used to present the data provided in **Table 1**. (04 marks)

\* \* \*

භූගෝල විදනව I பුබ්ඩාඩාහ් I Geography I

අධ්වයන පොදු සහතික පනු (උසස් පෙළ) චිතාගය, 2020 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2020

SCALE 1:50,000

மைல்சீசி சக்கா අන්නරය මීටර 20 சமவுயர்க்கோட்டு இடைவெளி 20 மீற்றர் Contour Interval 20 metres

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