



PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION NORTH WESTERN PROVINCE

## THIRD TERM TEST 2018

Grade 10

### Civic Education - I

One Hour

Name / Index No. :

- Answer all the questions.

01. An example for a ruling system which various countries have practiced from the past is,  
(1) democratic governance (2) facist governance  
(3) socialist governance (4) social democratic governance
02. The supreme governing body of the city-state of Athens was,  
(1) the village council (2) the citizen's council  
(3) citizen's areana (4) Cariatdz areana
03. Upto the 15th century A.D. in Europe,  
(1) agri - economic system was existed.  
(2) commercial - economic system was existed.  
(3) feudal system was existed.  
(4) the economic system based on land possession was existed.
04. Democracy is important as a way of living because,  
(1) public representatives are selected highly.  
(2) all the representatives are selected through public opinion.  
(3) laws are passed by the majority votes of the elected representatives.  
(4) the decisions are taken through discussion.
05. The sovereignty of the republic of Sri Lanka is established for the,  
(1) president (2) parliament (3) judiciary (4) public
06. An organized entity of persons with the aim of acquiring ruling power of a country based on principles of governing the country is,  
(1) a pressure group (2) a civil society  
(3) an opposition party (4) a political party
07. Select the answer which has the main criteria of dividing polling divisions.  
(1) Land and area (2) Land and population  
(3) Land and autonomous power (4) Population and autonomous power
08. The opportunity for developing one's personality sans external resistance is,  
(1) equality (2) freedom (3) rights (4) independence
09. The intention of providing rights in a democratic society is to,  
(1) develop the personal development through whole society.  
(2) develop the personal development through social development.  
(3) develop the whole society through personal development.  
(4) develop personal rights.

10. Select the answer which includes the contents of a constitution.
  - (1) Customs and traditions. (2) Religious beliefs and faiths.
  - (3) Fundamental rights of the people. (4) Duties of citizens.
11. An important duty of the free media is,
  - (1) not concern to provide false information to the public.
  - (2) acting biasely to the on going government.
  - (3) providing unhealthy information which affect to the well being of the society.
  - (4) arresting the rulers to the Fascist path.
12. The declaration which was proclaimed by the United Nations General Assembly in 1948 is,
  - (1) the declaration of fundamental rights 1948
  - (2) the agreement of fundamental rights 1948
  - (3) the agreement of economic, social and political rights
  - (4) the declaration of human rights 1948
13. What is a feature that illustrating the supremacy of law from the following ?
  - (1) Protection of law is given to the rulers in high manner.
  - (2) Protection of law is given to the followers in high manner.
  - (3) Punishing the offenders under the existing law.
  - (4) Promulgating laws which are affected to the past.
14. Select the correct answer which includes two philosophers who presented definition an states.
  - (1) Professor Garner and Aristotle (2) Plato and Aristotle
  - (3) P. R. Lowel and Professor Garner (4) Sealer and Professor Garner.
15. Select the answer which includes two reasons for owing the strong countries which emerged as the first nation states in Europe.
 

A - National cohesion	B - Collapsing of capitalist economic system
C - Creative abilities of these nations	D - Undeveloped economic condition.
(1) AB (2) BC	(3) AC (4) AD
16. In a democratic governance, power means,
  - (1) the power of the president in the administration.
  - (2) the power of the parliament in the administration.
  - (3) the power of the judiciary in the administration.
  - (4) the ability a state possesses to implement the administrative affairs of that state.
17. Decentralization of power means,
  - (1) the assignment of the powers vested in the Central Government upon regional units of administration.
  - (2) the assignment of some of the powers vested in the Central Government upon regional units of administration.
  - (3) the assignment of power between the Central Government and the regional units of administration.
  - (4) the assignment of the most of the power by the Central Government upon regional units to make them strong.
18. Select the answer which includes a quality a federal state should possess for its effective existence,
  - (1) Assigning the responsibility for the states to resolve the problem which do not have enough resources.
  - (2) Every regional unit acts to build up one's betterment alone.
  - (3) Acting to fuffill the desires of the Central Government.
  - (4) All ethnic groups existing with commonality of feeling.
19. Select the answer which includes the examples for the countries which have unitary government.
  - (1) Sri Lanka and India (2) India and France
  - (3) Great Britain and France (4) America and England

20. The representative who coordinates between the Central Government and the Provincial Council is,  
 (1) the President (2) the Prime Minister  
 (3) the Chief Minister (4) the Governor
21. Select the answer which includes the powers of the Central Government of America.  
 A - Imposition of taxes and collection B - Local governments and highways  
 C - Housing and construction D - Financial affairs  
 (1) AB (2) BC (3) AC (4) AD
22. The answer which has the social and cultural quality for the existence of the good governance is,  
 (1) respecting the political identity of each other.  
 (2) respecting the political leadership.  
 (3) acting to confirm the mutual trust among various ethnic groups.  
 (4) taking steps to minimize discrepancies in the distribution of income.
23. The labourers were imported for cash crop cultivation by Sri Lanka during British era from.  
 (1) North India (2) South India (3) Maldives (4) Bangladesh
24. Good governance means,  
 (1) the process of deciding and implementing the state principles.  
 (2) the process of promulgating state principles.  
 (3) the process of implementing the state principles.  
 (4) None of the above all.
25. Select the answer which includes a basic quality of good governance.  
 (1) Media freedom is cut off  
 (2) Politicization of public service.  
 (3) Bureaucracy  
 (4) Preparation of the background for political socialization
26. Through the implementation of Good Governance in a multi cultural society,  
 (1) misunderstanding between each other is occurred.  
 (2) mutual distrust between ethnic groups is confirmed.  
 (3) religious and cultural diversity is occurred.  
 (4) learn to live as a law - abiding citizen.
27. The idea of modern national government concept is,  
 (1) different nations for one Government (2) one Government for a single nation.  
 (3) different Governments for one nation. (4) different nations for different nations.
28. Through the people of a multi cultural society acting cohesively,  
 (1) conflicts are maximized.  
 (2) act so as to display disrespect for other religions.  
 (3) human freedom and democracy are not confirmed.  
 (4) every citizen is motivated to act with determination for the development of the country as a national duty.
29. Select the answer which includes a production only from state sector.  
 (1) Telephone service and Railway service.  
 (2) Education and construction of roadways.  
 (3) Mineral oil production and Railway service.  
 (4) Construction of roadways and production of garments.
- **Read the following statements and answer the questions 30 and 31**  
 A - Unequal distribution of profits B - Property being state owned  
 C - Greater ownership of production factors owned by the private sector.  
 D - The economy being handled by a central planning board.  
 E - Existence of a competitive market  
 F - In the solution of basic economic problems, the focus being on the common good.

30. What are the qualities of a capitalist economic system from the following?  
 (1) ABC (2) ACE (3) ACD (4) BDE
31. What are the qualities of a socialist economic system from the following ?  
 (1) ABC (2) BCD (3) BDF (4) CEF
32. What is a characteristic of the Neo - Liberal Market Economy implemented at present from the following ?  
 (1) Incentive of state enterprises.  
 (2) Toleration of state property ownership  
 (3) Subsidies and price control methods are toughen.  
 (4) Minimization of administrative rules, regulations and limitations.
33. A feature that can be seen in Sri Lanka economy before 1977 is,  
 (1) introducing the open economy policy.  
 (2) starting import alternative industries.  
 (3) relaxing the import export limitations.  
 (4) distributing free books and uniforms for education.
34. A point that is considered by a country in sustainable developments is,  
 (1) minimizing the public participation for development process.  
 (2) protecting the environment.  
 (3) using present resources for the present social development.  
 (4) not more concerning about other cultures.
- **Read the following statements and answer the questions 35 and 36.**
- A - Influx of foreign investments and modern technology  
 B - Broadening of infrastructural facilities necessary for products.  
 C - Speeding up of brain drain.  
 D - Exclusion of inefficient industries from the market.  
 E - Destruction of local primary industries  
 F - Need to depend on foreign loans and aid.
35. Select the answer which includes only the positive influences of globalization for Sri Lanka.  
 (1) ABD (2) BCE (3) BDF (4) BEF
36. Select the answer which includes only the negative influences of globalization for Sri Lanka.  
 (1) ABC (2) CEF (3) BDF (4) BEF
37. Select the answer which includes two directions to create mental peace.  
 A - Counselling B - Postponing work  
 C - Acting freely D - Psychological exercise.  
 (1) AB (2) AD (3) AC (4) CD
38. Select the answer which includes the examples for the conflicts on religious ideology.  
 (1) Conflict in the Middle East (2) War of the cross  
 (3) Conflict between Somalia and Ethiopia (4) Israel - Palestine conflict
39. What is a personal trait which should be in a person when resolving conflicts ?  
 (1) Kindness and clemency (2) Being biased  
 (3) Being in one's own opinion (4) Toleration of victory and defeat.
40. Through resolving conflicts peacefully.  
 (1) mental stress is increased. (2) personal mentality is enhanced  
 (3) national integrity is missed. (4) economy in not stable.



PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION NORTH WESTERN PROVINCE

## THIRD TERM TEST 2018

Grade 10

### Civic Education - II

Two Hours.

Name / Index No. :

- 1st question is compulsory.
- Answer all together five questions including the 1st question and another questions.

- (01) i. Write two main types of democratic governance.
- ii. Write two good features of a competitive party system.
- iii. Write the two types of government that can be seen in modern states.
- iv. Write two examples from the history of decentralization of power in Sri Lanka.
- v. Write two powers which belong to the reserved list in Provincial Councils.
- vi. Write two examples for the countries which have multi - cultural societies with complexity
- vii. Write two political rights of man
- viii. Write two main characteristics of a transformational economy.
- ix. Write two special characteristics that can be seen in globalization.
- x. Write the two main areas of conflicts that can be studied broadly. (2x10=20 m.)
- (02) i. Write two types of party systems. (02 m.)
- ii. Write three features of a free and fair election. (03 m.)
- iii. Mention three roles done by the opposition to make a democratic rule a success and explain one of them. (05 m.)
- (03) i. Write two basic characteristics of the state. (02 m.)
- ii. Write three main features of a nation - state. (03 m.)
- iii. Name the three main institutions of the government and explain one of them. (05 m.)

- (04) i. Write two different forms of power. (02 m.)
- ii. Write three reasons for the devolution of powers in modern states. (03 m.)
- iii. a. Write two advantages of a unitary government. (02 m.)
- b. Write three advantages of a federal government. (03 m.)
- (05) i. Write two basic features of a multi cultural society. (02 m.)
- ii. Write three factors that influenced Sri Lanka for the existence of a multi cultural society. (03 m.)
- iii. Mention three reasons for collapsing social justice in the society and explain one of them. (05 m.)
- (06) i. Write two basic economic problems. (02 m.)
- ii. Write three production factors. (03 m.)
- iii. Name the three processes taken place in an economy and explain one of them. (05 m.)
- (07) i. Write two kinds of conflicts between countries. (02 m.)
- ii. Write three roots of conflicts. (03 m.)
- iii. Name three methods of resolving conflicts and explain one of them. (05 m.)

**Grade 10**

**ANSWER PAPER**

**Civic Education**

**Paper - I**

1 -(1) 2 -(2) 3 -(2) 4 -(4) 5 -(4) 6 -(4) 7 -(2) 8 -(2) 9 -(3) 10 -(3 )  
 11-(1) 12 -(4) 13 -(3) 14 -(1) 15 -(3 ) 16 -(4) 17 -(2) 18 -(4) 19 -(3) 20 -(4 )  
 21-(2) 22 -(3) 23 -(2) 24 -(1) 25 -(4) 26 -(4) 27 -(2) 28 -(4) 29 -(3) 30 -(2 )  
 31-(3) 32 -(4) 33 -(1) 34 -(2) 35 -(1) 36 -(2) 37 -(2) 38 -(2) 39 -(1) 40 -(2 )

(40 marks)

**Paper - II**

- (01) i. Direct democracy ♦ Indirect democracy  
 ii. ♦ Wide opportunity for representing public opinion.  
 ♦ Prevention of autocracy.  
 ♦ Creation of unity out of diversity ..... (page 7)  
 iii. Parliamentary government, Presidential government.  
 iv. ♦ Appointment of officials names 'Gambara', 'Gmini' by King Pandukabhaya.  
 ♦ Appointment of local government officials by King Parakramabahu during the Polonnaruwa era. (page 40)  
 v. ♦ Foreign affairs  
 ♦ Census and statistics (page 41)  
 vi. India, Unites states of America.  
 vii. ♦ Respecting political leadership.  
 ♦ Bearing any political ideology of one's choice (page 60)  
 viii. ♦ Liberalization of the economy.  
 ♦ Encouragement of private enterprises (page 75)  
 ix. ♦ Broadening of the world of work.  
 ♦ Broadening of the global market.  
 ♦ Being possible to live in any country in the world. (page 84)  
 x. ♦ Internal conflicts  
 ♦ International conflicts. (2x10=20 m.)
- (02) i. Single Party System, Two Party System, Multi - Party System. (02 m.)  
 ii. ♦ Holding elections in due course.  
 ♦ Holding elections in peaceful surroundings.  
 ♦ Holding elections in line with the election laws. (page 9) (03 m.)  
 iii. ♦ Assist the government in their good work  
 ♦ Investigate the work of government and give constructive criticism  
 ♦ Act to establish a better alternative government (page 10) (05 m.)
- (03) i. Land, Population, government, autonomous power. (02 m.)  
 ii. ♦ Based on the concept of one state for one nation.  
 ♦ Consists of supreme power, land, population and the government.  
 ♦ Governed by a professional hierarchy of authorities. (page 16) (03 m.)  
 iii. Legislature, Executive, Judiciary. (05 m.)

**Grade 10****ANSWER PAPER****Civic Education**

- (04) i. Political power, administrative power, social power, economic power etc. (02 m.)
- ii. ♦ Ensure national security.
- ♦ The size of the state.
- ♦ Need for unity to be built up amidst diversity. (03 m.)
- iii. a. ♦ Ability to taking quick decisions.
- ♦ Government is common to all
- ♦ minimize conflicts. (02 m.)
- b. ♦ Building a common nationality.
- ♦ Easy to take administrative decisions.
- ♦ Strengthening of the framework of democracy. (page 39) (03 m.)
- (05) i. ♦ Coexistence of different ethnic groups.
- ♦ Existence of different religions. (page 55) (02 m.)
- ii. Location, Migrations, Invasions, Arrival of various nations for trade, Import of labourers. (03 m.)
- iii. ♦ Bureaucracy
- ♦ Escalation of bribery and corruption
- ♦ Politicization of public services. (page 59) (05 m.)
- (06) i. ♦ Which, what, how much of it is to be produced ?
- ♦ How is it produced ?
- ♦ For whom is it produced ? (02 m.)
- ii. Land, Labour, Capital, Entrepreneurship (03 m.)
- iii. Production, Distribution, Consumption. (05 m.)
- (07) i. Conflicts of opinions, Military conflicts. (02 m.)
- ii. Ethnicity, politics, Socio economic conditions, Religion concept. (03 m.)
- iii. Discussion, Bargaining and amicable settlement, Mediation, Conciliation, Arbitration, Inquiry. (05 m.)

