

PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION - NORTH WESTERN PROVINCE

THIRD TERM TEST - 2022 SCIENCE - I

One Hours

Name / Index No.:

Grade 10

- Answer all the questions.
- Choose the correct or most suitable answer from the answer (1), (2), (3), (4) given in numbers 01 to 40.
- For each question on the answer sheet provided to you mark (x) in the circle corresponding to the number you have chosen from the circle letter.

01.	The	organell should pres	ent ii	ı all livi	ing cells is,				
		Nucleus		Chlor	•	(3)	Mitochondric	on (4)	Vacuole
02.	` /	at is the vector quanti			-	` ′		()	
		Distance	•	Weigl	-		Mass	(4)	Density
03.	Ara	pid chemical reaction	n is,						
	(1)	Food spoilage				(2)	Ripening of fi	ruits	
	(3)	Manufacturing yog	hurt	from m	ilk	(4)	Reaction of so	odium witl	n water
04.	The	unit JS ⁻¹ is equal for,							
	(1)	W	(2)	V		(3)	A	(4)	Pa
05.	A di	saccharide is,							
	(1)	Glucose	(2)	Lacto	se	(3)	Fructose	(4)	Cellulose
06.	The	unit used in measuri	ng el	ectric re	esistance of	a cond	uctor is,		
	(1)	A	(2)	V		(3)	Ω	(4)	W
07.	Iden	ntify the vitamin for t	he de	ficienc	y symptom	of bito	patches in eye	s.	
	(1)	Vitamin A	(2)	Vitam	nin B	(3)	Vitamin C	(4)	Vitamin D
08.	Sele	ect the compound wit	h ion	ic bond	l,				
	(1)	NH_3	(2)	H_2O		(3)	CH ₄	(4)	Li ₂ O
09.	Iden	ntify the class of above	e ani	mal be	longs?			_	(4.1)
	(1)	Amphibia							
	(2)	Reptilia							
	(3)	Pisces						7/	
	(4)	Echinodermata						1	
10.	Whi	ich of the following is	s con	rect ele	ctronic Con	figurat	cion of Mg ²⁺	M	
	(1)	2-8-6	(2)	2-8-4	4	(3)	2-8-2	(4)	2-8
11.	Sele	ect the answer which	give	n correc	ct property a	bout s	exual and asex	ual reprod	uction.
		Asexual reproduc	tion		Sexua	al repr	oduction		
	(1)	Mitosis occurs			Meiosis o	ccurs			

	Asexual reproduction	Sexual reproduction
(1)	Mitosis occurs	Meiosis occurs
(2)	Gametes are produced	No production of gametes
(3)	New species are produced	New species are not produced
(4)	A large number of offsprings do not produced in a short period of time	A large number of offsprings are produced in a short period of time
		(-:)

	$(1) 5 \mathrm{N}$	(2) 50 N	$(3) 500 \mathrm{N}$	$(4) 5000 \mathrm{N}$	
13.	Not an excretory pro	duct is,			
	(1) Urine	(2) Sweat	(3) Saliva	(4) Exhale air	
14.	The formula of the or	xide of "M" element is	M ₂ O ₃ . What is the most su	itable ion formed by M?	?
	$(1) M^{3-}$	(2) M^{2+}	(3) M^{2}	(4) M^{3+}	
15.	The equivalent resis	tance between a and b is	s,		
	(1) 2Ω			2 Ω 2 Ω	
	(2) 4Ω		2 Ω	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
	(3) 6Ω	a —		_	b
	(4) 8Ω			4 Ω	
16.	` /	ntains only water solub	ole Vitamins.		
101	(1) A and B	(2) B and C	(3) C and D	(4) D and E	
17.		` ′	s 2,2. Another element	` ′	ıp which
	belongs this element i		,		
	(1) Mg	(2) Na	(3) Si	(4) P	
18.	Standard representat	tion of X and Y element	ts are given as below.		
		$X = \frac{17}{8} X = \frac{21}{12} Y$			
		8 12			
	In X and Y elements,	ı			
	(1) have equal nun	iber of protons.			
	(2) have equal num	nber of electrons.			
	(3) have equal num	nber of neutrons.			
	(4) sum of protons	and neutrons are equal			
19.	Given below are three	ee statements relevant to	o the cell theory,		
	a) The structural a	and functional unit of li	fe is the cell		
	b) All organisms a	are made up of more cel	lls.		
	ŕ	ormed from pre-existin	ig cells.		
	The correct statemer	ŕ			
	(1) a and b	(2) b and c	(3) a and c	(4) a, b and c	
20.	The formation of a n by,	ew compound by the c	ombination of an elemen	t with a compound is rep	resented
	$(1) CO_2 + C \rightarrow 2C$	O	$(2) H2 + Cl2 \rightarrow 2$	HC1	
	(3) $CaO + H_2O \rightarrow 0$	Ca(OH) ₂	(4) $CaCO_3 + \rightarrow$	$CaO + CO_2$	
21.	What is the compone	ent can be used as an au	tomatic switch in electric	circuit?	
	(1) Rheostat		(2) Capacitors		
	(3) Pre-adjustmen	tresistor	(4) Light depend	lent resistor	
22.	Not a property of Hy	drogon gas is,			
	(1) a combustable	substance	(2) a supporter o	fcombustion	
	(3) being colorless		(4) Density is les	ss than the atmosphere	

12. Find the newton spring balance reading if a mass of 500 g object hang to it,

	(2)	Nucleus				
	(3)	Golgi bodies				
	(4)	Mitochondrion				
24.	The	element that can be formed	d very strong acidic	coxic	le is,	
	(1)	S (2)	Mg	(3)	C1	(4) Na
25.		which instance that kinetic sform back into kinetic ene		form	into potential	energy and potential energy can
	(1)	Rowing a boat		(2)	Falling of a f	ruit from a tree
	(3)	Kicking to a ball		(4)	Movement o	faswing
26.	The	answer contains only factor	ors affect for kinetic	c ene	rgy of a movir	ng abject is,
	(1)	Mass and velocity		(2)	Grovitationa	al acceleration and velocity.
	(3)	Grovitational acceleratio	n and mass.	(4)	Mass and acc	celeration.
27.	The	positioning of stamens and	d stigma of a flower	r at a	distance is,	
	(1)	Dichogamy		(2)	Hercogamy	
	(3)	Self-sterility		(4)	Having extro	ose stamens
28.	Not	a property relevant to a ma	lleable, ductile and	d goo	d electrical co	nduct element is,
	(1)	forms of basic oxides		(2)	forms of acid	lic oxides
	(3)	forms of positive ions		(4)	forms of amp	photeric oxides
29.	Aro	ough sketch of a female rep	oductive system is	s give	en below.	
	Inw	hich place the fertilization	of a sperm and an o	ovum	takes place?	
	(1)	a				a a
	(2)	b				b \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	(3)	c				c V
	(4)	d				
30.	Con	sider the given statements.	(Na=23)			
	a.	electronic configuration	of Na atom is 2-8-	-1		
	b.	mass of 1 mol of Na is 46	g.			
	c.	Nucleus of Na atom conta	in 11 protein .			
	The	true statement/s from the a	bove is/are,			
	(1)	Only a (2)	Onlyb	(3)	a and b	(4) Only a and c
31.	The leve		alculate amount of	wor	k done when	the object lifted from a level to b
	(1)	$\frac{\text{mh}}{\text{g}}$				h 10001
	(2)	$\frac{\text{mg}}{1}$			i	b - level
	(3)	h m x g x h				n h - height
	(4)	m+g+h			mass	a - level
			(0.5)			
			(03)			

23. A cell organelle which contributes...... protein synthesis is,

(1) Ribosome

32.	The bog		at act v	when there is no rel	lative	motion, even thou	ugh a f	force is applied on the
	(1)	Static friction			(2)	Dynamic friction	l	
	(3)	Limiting friction			(4)	No frictional force	ee	
33.	The	details relate to fou	r elem	ents are given below	V.			
	16 ₈ W	$_{12}^{16}X$ $_{7}^{17}U$ $_{8}^{17}Z$						
	The	atoms in the same e	lemer	nt are,				
	(1)	W and X	(2)	W and Z	(3)	X and Y	(4)	Y and Z
34.	Not	a factor essential fo	r seed	germination is,				
	(1)	Viability of seed	(2)	light	(3)	water	(4)	temperature
35.	Ani	instance illustrating	the N	ewton's third law is,	,			
	(1)	falling of a fruit fr	om the	etree	(2)	Stopping a vehicle	le by ap	plying brake
	(3)	flying a fly cracke	r.		(4)	Explosion of a cra	acker	
36.	Fine	d the moment of the	couple	e force of force in ab	ove o	bject.		
	(1)	0.2m + 10 N x 2				10 N		
	(2)	0.2m x 10 N						
	(3)	$0.2 \text{m} \times 10 \text{m} + 10 \text{m}$	1			0.2m • 0	.2m	
	(4)	0.2m x 10 N x 2					10.7	NT.
37.	The	plant species which	1 poce	ss vegetative propag	gation	by leaves is,	10 1	N
	(1)	Akkapana						
	(2)	Cactus						
	(3)	Nawahandi						
	(4)	Hatawariya						
38.	Ani	nvertebrate organis	sm pre	sented a visceral ma	ass in	the body is,		
	(1)	Hydra	(2)	Snail	(3)	Star fish	(4)	Jelly fish
39.	Not	and expected obser	vation	when putting MnO	O ₂ pla	ace into hydrogen p	peroxic	le solution is,
	(1)	The speed of evolution	ution c	of gas bubbles is hig	h			
	(2)	Reduce the mass of	of Mn	O ₂ place.				
	(3)	Speed up the deco	mposi	tion of H ₂ O ₂				
	(4)	The mass of MnC) ₂ rema	ains the same.				
40.		resent most peoples to it,	are te	mpt to wearing face	e masl	x. Spreading up of	which	disease can be control
	(1)	Dengue	(2)	Cholera	(3)	Tuberculosis	(4)	Hydrophobia

32.



PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION - NORTH WESTERN PROVINCE

THIRD TERM TEST - 2022 SCIENCE - II

Three Hours

Grade 10

- Answer four questions in part A in the space given.

(01) A	Giv	Part A - Structured Essay en below are some instances commenly can be seen in sexual reproduction.	
(01) A		Pollination	
		Formation of gamets	
		Fertilization	
	*]	Producing seeds	
	* 1	Dispersal of seeds	
	(i)	What is the instance meosis can be seen.	(1 m.)
	(ii)	Define what is pollination.	(1 m.)
	(iii)	Name two types of gamets which contributes for process of fertilization.	(2 m.)
	(iv)	State an exaple of dispersal of seed by animals and write adaption of it. example	
	()	Adaptation	,
	(v)	Write a fruit with large number of seeds.	(1 m.)
В	(i)	X, Y Given below are lewis structures of compound X Y and Z. Write suit for the spaces given as dotted lines.	able elemen







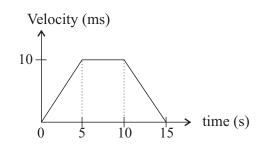
 $(3 \, \text{m.})$

Write the compound with out loan pairs. (ii)

 $(1 \, \text{m.})$

(iii) What is the name given for the pair of electron represent by a short line in a lewis structure.

C Given below is a velocity time graph related to the motion of an object.



(1) Explain the motion of	n an object in above	grapn	(1 m.)

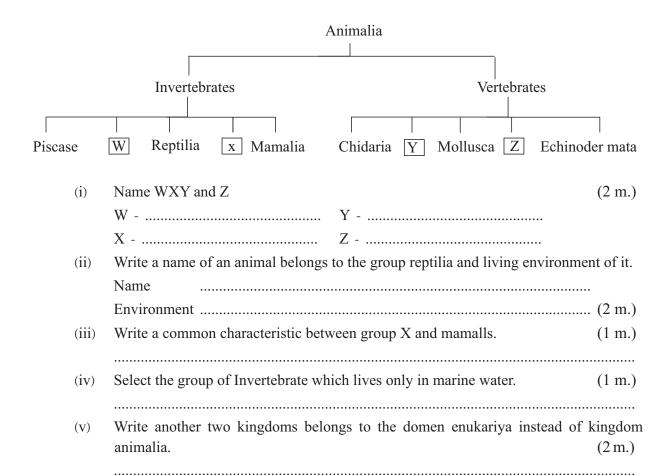
(ii) Find the displacement of an object dung 5 - 10 second.

What is the relationship between a force exacted on the object and frictional force of it during 5 - 10 seconds in graph b.

(Total Marks 15)

(1 ---)

(02) A Given below is a simple chart of classification of kingdom Animalia WXY and Z are some groups of vertebrates and invertebrates.



	tive propargation							_	
				gram.	h diag	d of eac	ite a metho	(i)	
a b	В								
(c. 02)									
(1 m.)		nod.	by metl	rgate	propa	t can be	ame a plan	(ii)	
p from bottom (1 m.)	ping a polythene			it.			rts a and b top. Write	(iii)	
	characteristic of	specific			ethod	'b" of m	me a part	(iv)	
(2 m.)									
n. Write two (1 m.)	getative propaga ture.	icial ve						(v)	
(1 III.)			iiii Oi ti	rincu	cuitui	ntain in (ostance co		
otal Marks 15)						ntain in (ostance co		
otal Marks 15)	d of the periodic		•••••	•••••	•••••		low are ele	Giver not in	A
otal Marks 15)			•••••	•••••	•••••		low are ele		A
otal Marks 15) le. (elements are (1 m.)	d of the periodic Cl Si table.	Ar Ar periodic	artifici S to the p	s to the	P ats acc	Mg Mg	low are eld ler) Al arrange the		A
otal Marks 15) le. (elements are (1 m.)	d of the periodic	Ar Ar periodic	artifici S to the p	s to the	P ats acc	Mg Mg	low are eld ler) Al arrange the	not in	A
(1 m.) on respectivity.	d of the periodic C1 Si table.	Ar Ar eriodic	artifici S to the p	Na ordin belon	P ich P m stro	Mg Mg e elements because whether the manner of the ments for the ments of	low are elements arrange the state an elements.	not in	A
(1 m.)	cl of the periodic Cl Si table.	Ar eriodic ion and	artifici S to the p s. egative	Na ordin belon ngest	P ats accomich P m stro	Mg e elements broup when the components form	low are elements arrange the an elements a use o	not in (i) (ii)	A
(1 m.) (1 m.) (1 m.) (1 m.) (1 m.) (1 m.)	cl Si table.	Ar Ar eriodic ion and ween Na	artifici S to the p egative oxide fr	Na ordin belon ngest	P ats accomich P m stro und w	Mg e elements formula of a a	low are electer) Al arrange the street arrange arran	not in (i) (ii) (iii)	A

B Information given below are related to the element X and Y with the atomic number below 20.

element X	element Y
combine with Y to from a compound XY	combine with H to from a compound HY
form strong basic oxides	form strong acidic oxides

(i)	Write valency of X and Y	(2 m.)
	Valency of X	
	Valency of Y	
(ii)	Write a type of chemical bonds can be formed in XY and HY	(2 m.)
	XY	
	HY	
(iii)	Write an observation can be obtained when X is put into the water.	(1 m.)
(iv)	Mansion X and Y are metals or non metals.	(1 m.)
	X	•••••
	V -	

(v) Given below is a method of collecting hydrogon gas.



Name a collecting method of H2 gas and write physical of Hydrogen can be used to collect the gas by above method. (2 m.)

Method

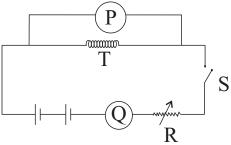
.....

Physical property

.....

(Total Marks 15)

(04)



Above diagram shows a set-up used to confirm a law related to the electricity.

A (i) Name the component used as P. (1 m.)

(ii) What is the quantity measured by equipment Q. (1 m.)

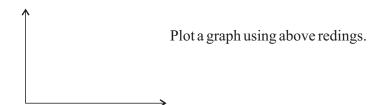
(iii) What is the function of equipment R. (1 m.)

PART II - A Continues

SCIENCE

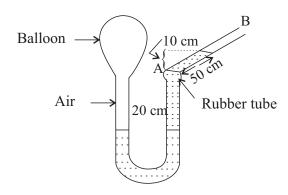
(iv) Following table shows the redings obtain by components P and Q.

P Reding	Q Reding
2	4
4	8
6	12



- (v) What is the factor should be constant during the activity (1 m.)
- (vi) Write a special straterge should be followed during the activity to obtain correct redings to confirm the law. (1 m.)
- (vii) State the law can be confirmed through the activity. (1 m.)

В



Above diagram shows a equipment which constructed for an exhibition

 $(\rho = 1000 \text{ kgm}^{-3}, g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}, a, m p = 10^5 \text{ P a})$

(i) If the atmospheric pressure is P. calculate the pressure inside the balloon using P. (1 m.)

- (ii) Difference between two arms become 40 cm due to AB tube kept vertically. (2 m.)
 - a) Write the change can be observed inside the balloon.

b) What is the new pressure inside the balloon. (2 m.)

.....

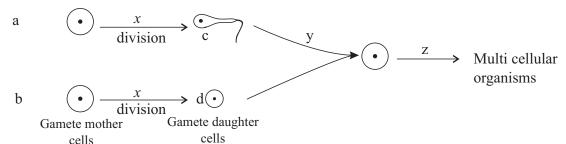
(iii) Calculate the pressure differences inside the balloon before the tube kept vortically and after the tube kept Verticaly (2 m.)

(Total Marks 15)

Grade 10 Part B SCIENCE

ESSAY

(05) A The life process that given rise to a new genaration from an existing genarations is reffried as reproduction. Given below is a flow chart of sexued reproduction.



(i) What is the English letter used to represent male gamet. (1 m.)

(ii) What is the type of cell division occurred in the X stage. (1 m.)

(iii) Cell d has 23 pairs of chromosomes. What is the number of chromosomes in cell b.

(iv) What is the organ which formed cells d. (1 m.)

(v) What is the process Y. (1 m.)

(vi) State the part of female reproductive system that process Y is occurred. (1 m.)

(vii) Write the organ of female reproductive system that development of multi cellular organism take place. (1 m.)

(viii) State the structure which gamets C temporelly stored. (1 m.)

(ix) Write the hormone which maintain the functions of male reproductive system. (1 m.)

(x) Write a sexually transmitted disease. (1 m.)

B There is a diversity among organisms in the environment.

(i) Write a common inherited characteristic of human. (1 m.)

(ii) What is the boilogical molecule which transmitted characters from generation to generation. (1 m.)

(iii) Explain what is genelinkage. (2 m.)

(iv) Write the genotypes of F₁ generations due to the monohybrid cross carried out in pure breeding tall (TT) peaplant and pure breeding short (tt) peaplant. (2 m.)

(v) State the phenotypes of above F_1 generation. (1 m.)

(vi) What is the method of pollination can be used to obtain above results from F_1 generation.

 $(1 \,\mathrm{m.})$

(1 m.)

(vii) State the type of chromosome which carries gene (factor) of heamophillia. (1 m.)

(viii) State the main symptom of above disease. (1 m.)

(Total Marks 20)

(06) A Given below are four activities done by students ABC and D in a school laboratory.

A Heating pottasium permanganate in a boiling tube

$$KMnO_4 \triangle K_2MnO_4 + MnO_2 + O_2$$

B Put a strip of magnesium in to the copper sulphate solution.

$$Mg + CuSO_4 \longrightarrow MgSO_4 + Cu$$

C Heat magnesium ribbon in air.

$$Mg + O_2 \longrightarrow MgO$$

D Put a strip of magnesium into the dialute. hydrochloric acid

$$Mg + 2HCl \longrightarrow MgCl_2 + H_2$$

(i) Write an observation of activity C and write balance the chemical equation of activity C.

(2 m.)

- (ii) State the colour of the KMnO₄. Write the identifying test of a gas which produce in activity A. (2 m.)
- (iii) Select a single displacement reaction from above four activities (2 m.)
- (iv) During the activity B 0.5 mol of Mg completely reacted with copper sulphate solution. Calculate the mass of metal Cu can be obtained. (2 m.)
- (v) Write a physical property of gas produce in activity D. (2 m.)
- B) Given below are atomic numbers of elements ABCDE and F (The elements are not in order and symbols ar not real.)

Element	A	В	С	D	Е	F
Atomic number	6	11	12	14	16	19

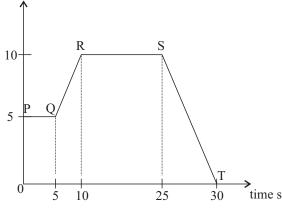
- (i) Write a chemical property of element E and one use of it. (1 m.)
- (ii) Write two elements belongs to the same group. (2 m.)
- (iii) Write an allotropy from of element A and advantage of it. (2 m.)
- (iv) Write a balance chemical equation for reaction between C and hot water. (2 m.)
- (v) Draw a structure of atom B to illustrate arrangement of electrons around the atom.

(2 m.)

(1 m.)

- (vi) Write a physical property common to the elements all above. (1 m.)
- (07) A Above velocity time graph shows the motion of an athlete who ending the running event at last 30 seconds.

 Velocity ms⁻¹
 - (i) What is the maximum velocity maintain by the athlete during the event (1 m.)
 - (ii) What is the time duration of the athlete with above velocity. (1 m.)
 - (iii) The mass of a athlete is 75 kg. What is the momentum of him at the maximum velocity (1 m.)
 - (iv) What is the type of motion at the 25th second. (2 m.)



(v) Calculate the acceleration of him during 5 - 10 s.

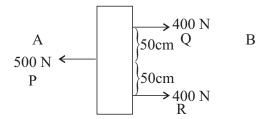
(vi) Find the unbalanced force he exarted within acceleration. (2 m.)

(vii) Find the displacement of him within 5s - 10s (2 m.)

- B The diagram shows the instance of keep equilibrium of force under three parallel forces.
 - (i) What is the magnitude of force P.

(1 m.

(ii) Write an example for instance which keep equilibrium as above diagram (1 m.)



- (iii) If the force P is changed in to 500 N it will be moved.
 - (a) Mention the direction of an object using letters A and B.

 $(1 \, \mathrm{m.})$

- (b) Find the unbalance force exarted for above motion.
- (iv) What change can be observed in the object, if the force R change from 400 N to 200 N with out changing the Point of application. (1 m.)
- C (i) What is the type of fictional force can be occurred while object is at rest and in the motion. (1 m.)
 - (ii) Write a straterge to reduce the above frictional force.

 $(1 \,\mathrm{m.})$

(iii) Write an advantage of frictional force.

 $(1 \,\mathrm{m.})$

(Total Marks 20)

- (08) Given below are some characteristics of an organisms.
 - A a. Water lily, lotus and fish are aquatic organisms which living in water.
 - b. Similar Skeletal system can be found in human hand and flippers of a wheal.
 - c. Being prokaryotic and can be destroyed by antibiotics.
 - d. A non flowering plant but pocess reproduction by seeds.
 - (i) Which of the above statement can be used as a criteria of artificial classification. (1 m.)
 - (ii) Which of the above statement can be used as a physiological factor of animal classification.

 $(1 \,\mathrm{m.})$

 $(1 \, \mathrm{m.})$

- (iii) Write a plant with characteristics which explain in statement d.
- (1 m.)
- (iv) What is the domen of organisms explain by the statement C.

 $(1 \,\mathrm{m.})$

(v) Write and advantage of classification of organisms.(i) Write a critera which used to classify animal into two group.

 $(1 \,\mathrm{m.})$

(ii) Write two features of mollusca group.

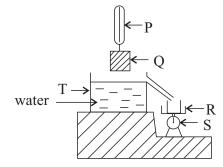
- $(1 \,\mathrm{m.})$
- (iii) Write an example for organism belongs to the group echinodermata.
- $(1 \,\mathrm{m.})$

(iv) State another feature of plants which bear trimerous flowers.

- $(1 \,\mathrm{m.})$
- C The diagram shows a setup prepared by a group of students in school laboratory.
 - (i) Name equipment T

В

- (1 m.)
- (ii) Write changes can be occurred in P and S balances separaty while object Q immersed in water. (2 m.)
- (iii) Write a precausion should be followed when Q immersed in water (1 m.)
- (iv) The redings of P is denoted as "a" when it is hang in air when if immersed in water reading is b The reading of s is indiated as "C". Write a statement to show relationship among a b and c. (2 m.)



(v) Write the law can be confirmed through above activity. $(2 \,\mathrm{m.})$ (vi) Explain the reason to a ship does not sink in water. $(1 \,\mathrm{m.})$ AB and C test tubes are filled with equal volume of concenterted CuSO₄ solutions. (09) A (i) What is the colour of CuSo₄ solution $(2 \, \text{m.})$ В C A Equal mass of Mg Cu and Pb insert in to the solutions at ones. Write the observation of AB and C respectively. $(1 \,\mathrm{m.})$ \mathbf{C} В (iii) Write two factor should be constant in above step (2m.)(iv) The mass of 6 g of Mg is used in the experiment. Find the number of moles of Mg used. (mg = 24) $(2 \,\mathrm{m.})$ (v) Write the most reactive metal from Mg Cu and Pb according to the activity series. (1 m.) (vi) A and C test tubes are slightly heated using a flame. What are the observations can be expected from above instance. $(1 \, \text{m.})$ A C (vii) Name a method of extraction of metals which are located buttom of the activity seris. (1 m.) В The diagram shows release three balls PQ and R from equal vartical high to the surface of flour P Q and R are with equal size and volume. The depressions caused on the surface are a b and c respectively. According to the depressions which of (i) the above get the highest mass. (1 m.) (ii)Explain the reasons for above (i) $(2 \,\mathrm{m.})$ Find the potential energy of Q ball of (iii) – flour mass 250 g at a vertical high of 1 m. $(g - 10ms^{-2})$ $(2 \,\mathrm{m.})$ Write a straterge to increase the depth of depression of Q ball. (iv) (1 m.)If the potential energy of ground level is zero. Mansion the name of the potential (v) energy which stored due to increasing the vartical hight of the object (1 m.)

Verious devices can be constructed using elastic potential energy.

(b) What is the medium that pontential energy can be stored.

(c) Write an energy transformation occurred in above device.

(a) Write a device which use above type of potential energy mention above.

(1 m.)

 $(1 \, \mathrm{m.})$

(1 m.)

Gr	ad	e 10	ANSWER PAPER SCI	ENCE - I
			Paper - I	
1	-(3) 2	-(2) 3 $-(4)$ 4 $-(1)$ 5 $-(2)$ 6 $-(3)$ 7 $-(1)$ 8 $-(4)$ 9 $-(3)$	10 -(4)
	-(1		2-(1) 13-(3) 14-(4) 15-(2) 16-(2) 17-(1) 18-(3) 19-(3)	
			2-(2) 23-(1) 24-(3) 25-(4) 26-(1) 27-(2) 28-(2) 29-(1)	
31	-(3) 32	2-(1) 33-(2) 34-(2) 35-(3) 36-(4) 37-(1) 38-(2) 39-(2)	40 - (3)
			(Marks	s 01x40=40
01.	A	(i)	Formation of gametes	(1 m.)
		(ii)	The process of depositing matured pollen on the stigma of the same species flower	(1 m.)
		(iii)	Pollen, Ovules	(1 m.)
		(iv)	Nagadarana - Presence of hooks or hairs such an answer with a plant and with adaptation	1
		(v)	Jack, such type of answer.	(1 m.)
	В	(i)	NCO	(3 m.)
		(ii)	Y	(1 m.)
	~	(iii)	Bond pair electron	(1 m.)
	C	(i)	0 - 5 time - acceleration	(2 m.)
			5 - 10 time uniform velocity 10 - 15 time - stationery $10 \text{ms}^{-1} \text{ x } 5 = 50 \text{m}$	
		(::)		(2)
		(ii)	$v \times t = s$	(2 m.)
02.	٨	(i)	W - amphibia X - Aves Y - Annelida Z - Arthropoda	(15 m.) (2 m.)
02.	A	(ii)	Lizard - terrestrial environment, to illustrate such example	(2 m.)
		(iii)	Homoiothermic, used lungs as respiratory organ, four chambered heart, such an ans	
		(iv)	Echinodermata	(1 m.)
		(v)	Two answers from protista, fungi, plantae.	(2 m.)
	В	(i)	Ground layering, twing grafting (should in correct order)	(2 m.)
		(ii)	Jasmine, lemon, passion fruit (such a plant which twig is bent	(1 m.)
		(iii)	To prevent entering of water in to the connection.	(1 m.)
		(iv)	Stock - having a strong root system / withstanding environmental changes.	(2 m.)
		(v)	Egar, sucrose, mineral salts, Vitamins growth substances, illustrate of 2 answers	(1 m.)
				(15 m.)
03.	A	(i)	Na, Mg, Al, Si, P, S, Cl, Ar, to correct order	(1 m.)
		(ii)	V (Rome number)	(1 m.)
		(iii)	Cl and Na (should in correct order)	(2 m.)
		(iv)	As a flavour, To a correct answer	(1 m.)
		(v)	$Al_2 O_2$	(1 m.)
	_	(vi)	Si	(1 m.)
	В	(i)	Valency of $X = 1$ Valency of $Y = 1$	(2 m.)
		(ii)	ionic, covalent	(2 m.)
		(iii)	Given a hissing sound / Release of air bubbles.	(1 m.)
		(iv)	X - metal Y - non metal	(1 m.)
		(v)	Downward displacement of air, Density is less than the normal air	(2 m.)
04.	Δ	(i)	Voltmeter	(15 m.) (1 m.)
U −1 ,	17	(ii)	Electric current	(1 m.)
		(11)	License current	(1 111.)

```
(iii) To control the current flowing through the circuit
                                                                                                                               (1 m.)
          (iv) To a correct graph
                                                                                                                               (2 m.)
                 Temperature
          (v)
                                                                                                                               (1 \text{ m.})
          (vi) Switch off as soon as possible
                                                                                                                                (1 m)
          (vii) ohm's law
                                                                                                                               (1 m.)
                 P + 30 \times 1000 \times 10 = (P + 3000) Pa
          (i)
                                                                                                                               (1 m.)
                      100
          (ii)
                 a) Balloon get inflated
                                                                                                                               (2 m.)
                 b) P + \underline{40} \times 1000 \times 10 = (P + 34000) Pa
                                                                                                                               (2 m.)
                            100
                                 = P + 3000
          (iii) Before
                 After
                                 = P + 400
                 Difference = (P+4000) - (P+3000)
                                 = 1000 \, \text{Pa}
                                                                                                                               (2 \,\mathrm{m.})
                                                                                                                              (15 m.)
05. A (i)
                 \mathbf{C}
                                                                                                                              (1 m.)
                 Meiosis division
          (ii)
                                                                                                                               (1 \, \mathrm{m.})
          (iii) 46
                                                                                                                               (1 \, \text{m.})
          (iv) Ovary
                                                                                                                               (1 \, \mathrm{m.})
                 Fertilization
                                                                                                                               (1 \, \text{m.})
          (vi) Fallopian tube
                                                                                                                               (1 \, \mathrm{m.})
          (vii) Uterus
                                                                                                                               (1 \, \text{m.})
          (viii) Epididymis
                                                                                                                               (1 \, \text{m.})
          (ix) Testosterone
                                                                                                                               (1 \, \text{m.})
          (x) For a correct answer
                                                                                                                              (1 \, \text{m.})
     B (i)
                 To a correct answer
                                                                                                                              (1 \, \text{m.})
          (ii) DNA
                                                                                                                               (1 \, \text{m.})
          (iii) Genes present in the same chromosome which are not segregated independently.
                                                                                                                            (2 \,\mathrm{m.})
          (iv) Tt
                                                                                                                               (1 \, \mathrm{m.})
          (v)
                 Tall plant
                                                                                                                               (1 \, \text{m.})
          (vi) cross pollination
                                                                                                                               (1 \,\mathrm{m.})
          (vii) X chromosome
                                                                                                                               (1 \, \text{m.})
          (viii) Delay for blood cloting
                                                                                                                              (2 \,\mathrm{m.})
                                                                                                                              (20 \text{ m.})
06. A (i)
                  Burns with a bright flame formed a white powder.
                 2Mg + O_2 \longrightarrow 2MgO
                                                                                                                              (2 \, \text{m.})
          (ii)
                 Purple colourd
                                                                                                                               (1 \,\mathrm{m.})
                 Introduce the glowing splint into it, then it relights with a flame
                                                                                                                            (1 \, \text{m.})
          (iii) Mg + CuSO_4 \longrightarrow MgSO_4 + Cu
                 Mg + 2HCl \longrightarrow MgCl_1 + H_2
                                                                                                                             (2 \,\mathrm{m.})
```

(iv)
$$Mg + CuSO_4 \longrightarrow MgSO_4 + Cu$$
 (2 m.)

1 mole
1 mole
0.5 mol

moles of $Cu = \underline{mass}_{molar \ mass}$

$$0.5 = \underline{m}_{63}$$

$$m = 0.5 \times 63 = 31.5 \text{ g}$$

- 07. A (i) 10 ms^{-1} (1 m.)
 - (ii) (25-10)=15s (1 m.)
 - (iii) Momentum = mv

$$=75 \text{ kg x } 10 \text{ ms}^{-1} = 750 \text{ kgms}^{-1}$$
 (2 m.)

(iv) Decrease the velocity and become rest (1 m.)

(v) acceleration =
$$\frac{v_2 - v_1}{t} = \frac{(10-5)}{5} = 1 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

(1 m.) (vi)
$$F = ma$$

$$F = 75 \text{ kg x 1ms}^2$$

 $F = 75 \text{ N}$ (2 m.)

(vii) Displacement =
$$\frac{(10+5)}{2}$$
 x 5 = $\frac{75}{2}$ x 37.5 (2 m.)
B (i) 800 N

(iv) b)
$$400 + 400 = 800$$
, $-500 = 300$ (2 m.)
rotate clockwise (2 m.)

	C	(i)	D Dynamic friction and static friction	(1 m.)
		(ii)	For a correct answer	(1 m.)
		(iii)	For a correct answer	(1 m.)
				(20 m.)
08.	A	(i)	State a	(1 m.)
		(ii)	State b	(1 m.)
		(iii)	cycas or pinus	(1 m.)
		(iv)	Bacteria	(1 m.)
		(v)	For a correct answer	(1 m.)
	В	(i)	with back bone	(1 m.)
		(ii)	For correct 2 features	(2 m.)
		(iii)	For a correct answer	(1 m.)
		(iv)	For a correct answer	(1 m.)
	C	(i)	Displacement flask	(1 m.)
		(ii)	Decreased the reading of P	,
		. ,	Increased the reading of S	(2 m.)
		(iii)	Sunken wile water do not shake	(1 m.)
		(iv)	a-b=c	(2 m.)
		(vi)	for Archimde's law	(2 m.)
		(vi)	The upthrust exarted by water to ship is equal to the might of a ship	(1 m.)
		(vii)		(1 m)
				(20 m.)
09.	A	(i)	Colour (blue)	(1 m.)
		(ii)	Solution turns to colourless	
			No change in colour	
			No change in colour	$(2 \mathrm{m.})$
		(iii)	Concentration, Tampetre	$(2 \mathrm{m.})$
		(iv)	6 0.251	
			$\frac{6}{24} = 0.25 \text{ mol}$	$(2 \mathrm{m.})$
		(v)	mg	(1 m.)
		(vi)	quickly decoherizied No change	(1 m.)
		(vii)	Physical method	(1 m.)
	В	(i)	R	(1 m.)
		(ii)	For correct explanation	$(2 \mathrm{m.})$
		(iii)	Ep = mgh	$(1 \mathrm{m.})$
			$= 250 \text{ kg x ms}^2 \text{ x 1 m}$	
			1000	
			= 2.5 J	
		(iv)	For correct answer	(1 m.)
		(v)	gravitional potential energy	(1 m.)
		(vi)	For correct answer	(1 m.)
		(vii)	For correct answer	(1 m.)
		(viii)	Potential energy kinetic energy	$(2 \mathrm{m.})$
				(20 m.)
			DACT DADERC	, ,



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